The Columbian.

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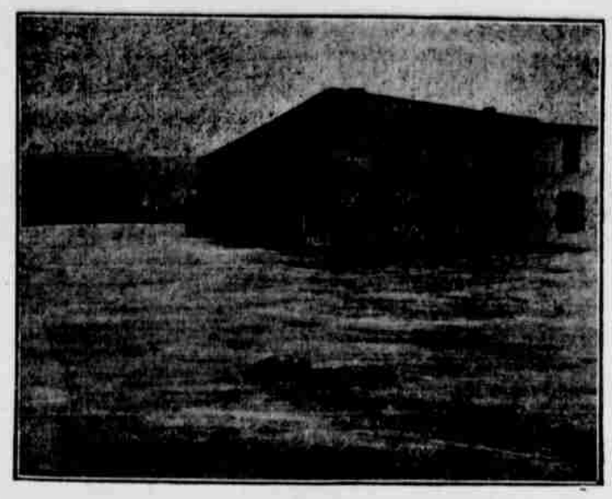

ROW OF HOUSES ON MAGEE AVENUE.

Surrounded by Water During the Recent Flood. This Photograph Was Taken on Sunday Afternoon, March 2d, 1902.

BLOOMSBURG IS ITSELF AGAIN.

The drastic effects of the great flood are daily disappearing and about all that is left is memory. The three days that the streams were on the rampage were quite sufficient to impress the perceptive faculties to such an extent that one can picture in his mind, far better than words can describe, the really awful conditions that existed. Had we not had the flood of '65 as a precedent the feeling of anxiety, would, no doubt, have been far greater. But at that time, with the water considerably higher than it was last week, the period of suffering and inconvenience was not near so long. Just think of it, isolated from the outside world for nearly a week! No trains on the railroads, mail service suspended, public highways congested with water and travel impeded, the trolley road tied up and telegraph and telephone systems crippled. Probably not in the life of a generation will the like occur again.

But we are gradually getting back to the anti-flood days. Railroad and trolley road damages have been repaired and the town can now be reached from all sections of the county.

The high waters revealed a very curious inconsistency. People who will never go to church when it is drizzling, walked a mile or two in a steady downpour and stood indefinitely watching the indulation of the waters. But after all, a true history of human events would show that the generality of persons act from impulse much more than from principle, and this changeableness does not make them so bad as we are first apt to think.

The Court Will Decide.

The court will be called upon to decide whether or not the trolley cars can cross the Catawissa river bridge. Scanlon & Co. met the County Commissioners at their office on Tuesday afternoon. The proposition submitted by the Commissioners involved the payment by the trolley people, of all the necessary repairs to the bridge annually. This Scanlon & Co. refused. They were willing to pay a certain per cent of the expenses necessary to keeping the structure in repair, or they would pay $500 yearly into the County treasury. Both offers were rejected, and the matter will now be submitted to the Courts. Scanlon & Co. contend, that under the law, they have a right to cross the bridge, and that this action only means delay for them and expense to the County.

FUNERAL OF RUFUS K. POLK.

All that was earthly of the late Hon. Rufus K. Polk was laid to rest in the cemetery at Danville, with impressive ceremonies, Saturday afternoon. Men prominent in the affairs of state and nation attended the obsequies to pay their parting tributes of respect to one who they had revered in life. Every countenance bore evidence of the deep grief felt, in all around sorrow prevailed. Business was suspended during the afternoon, all factories and stores being closed. The services were conducted by Rev. Dr. McAtee. The honorary pallbearers were fellow Congressmen, while workmen carried the coffin. There was a profusion of flowers, and many beautiful designs.

Blue birds have made their appearance.

DEATH CAME SUDDENLY.

John Palmer Summoned While on the Street Sunday Morning.

Death came suddenly and unexpectedly to John Palmer about ten o'clock Sunday morning. For something like a year past he had been a sufferer with heart disease, but he did not consider his case serious. Sunday morning he left his home on West Third street and came up town. When in front of Ben Gidding's Clothing Store, he was taken suddenly ill, and without emitting a sound fell to the pavement. He was carried into the hall, but expired almost instantly.

Undertaker G. G. Baker was sent for and he removed the body to the family home. John was a most congenial fellow. He had a good word for everybody, a trait for which he was well known, and from which he never deviated. He was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Palmer, both of whom, with three other children survive. Rev. G. H. Hemingway officiated at the funeral services Wednesday morning. Interment was made in the New Rosemont Cemetery.

THE WHEELMEN.

Annual Election Held Tuesday Evening.

The annual election of officers of the Bloomsburg Wheelmen was held Tuesday evening, at nine o'clock. E. F. Carpenter was elected president, Edward M. Holmes, vice president, J. Warren Lee, secretary, William C. Snyder, treasurer, and Clem R. Weiss and Ralph G. Phillips, librarians. Auditors, George Low, Warren H. Eyer, Fred Holmes; Board of Governors, George P. Ringler, president, P. K. Vannatta, J. D. Armstrong, H. W. Townsend, T. B. Moore, Louis Gross, E. F. Row.

A very gratifying report was made by the treasurer. The organization is in excellent condition, from a financial point of view, and the membership is constantly increasing. You will travel a long ways before you meet a more congenial lot of fellows than the Bloomsburg Wheelmen.

Mrs. Hannah Smith.

Mrs. Hannah Smith, widow of the late Samuel E. Smith, died at her home on East Seventh street at an early hour Saturday morning, from a stroke of paralysis. Mrs Smith and family moved here recently from Stillwater. The family resided here before, when Mr. Smith was Sheriff of Columbia county. At the expiration of his term they removed to Stillwater, where they remained until his death, in 1898. About a year after they came to Bloomsburg and have resided here ever since. Mrs. Smith was about fifty-four years of age and was a devout Christian woman. She is survived by ten children, among whom are William J. Smith, senior member of the firm of Smith & Geisinger, of Stillwater, this county, and Mrs. Miles Ash, of Raven Creek. Dr. T. C. Harter, of this town, is a brother.

Proctor Inn Sale.

All the personal property at Proctor Inn, Jamison City, will be sold at auction on Friday, March 28th, at 10 o'clock a. m.. It consists of bedroom suits, parlor and dining room furniture, carpets, &c.

The real estate will be sold at the same time. 3 13 3t.

April 1st is near at hand. That day used to be the principal settlement and money-changing date of the year. It still is to some extent. If we can be of service to you in making your exchanges conveniently and safely, we will be pleased to do so.

—o—

—THE—

Bloomsburg National Bank

A. Z. SCHOCH, President. WM. H. HIDLAY, Cashier.

HON. WM. J. BRYAN.

Delivered His Lecture "A Conquering Nation" to a Capacity Audience in the Opera House Saturday Evening.

Hon. William Jennings Bryan, was in Bloomsburg Saturday evening. He arrived here on the evening train over the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, from Danville, where he had gone to attend the obsequies of the late Hon. Rufus K. Polk. Had the prearranged plan been carried out, he would have been the guest of the committee in charge of the lecture from noon on and Bloomsburg would have been honored by his presence for the balance of the day.

He came down from Scranton, where he had lectured the previous night, on the Penna. train due at East Bloomsburg at 11.50 and was met at the station by the committee, which was composed of Hon. William T. Creasy, Hon. Fred T. Ikeler, C. A. Small Esq., John G. Harman, Esq., Jno. C. Rutter, Jr. and John R. Townsend. He had heard the sad intelligence of the death of Mr. Polk, and being desirous of paying his respects to the departed congressman, went on through to Danville.

As stated above he arrived here at 6.14 in the evening and was escorted to the Exchange Hotel, where a restless crowd was anxiously awaiting his arrival, all eager to grasp the hand of the man who had been the standard bearer of the Democratic party in two presidential campaigns. It was certainly a sight. Seldom, if ever before, was an individual accorded such an ovation in Bloomsburg. The pavement, for the entire length of the Hotel was in a state of impassibilty. The motivity of the crowd, is almost indescribable. He finally succeeded in making his way through the surging throng into the hotel. He was fatigued and tired from the day's travel and wanted rest, but this he was compelled to forego. Acceding to the great demand, he reappeared in the parlor and shook hands and exchanged greetings until it was time to go to the Opera House.

It was a representative audience that filled the Opera House. Republicans and Democrats, of State fame and official importance, were assembled together, to hear the distinguished exponent of Democratic principles. Ladies too, were present in large numbers and their presence imparted an added charm to the gathering.

Fred Ikeler introduced Col. Bryan to the audience at 8.20. He was given a cordial reception as he stepped forward.

He started by saying that there were three reasons for his appearing in different places. First—"That they all voted for me and therefore I ought to go and see them." Second—"That none of them voted for me and that they need missionary work." Third—"That the parties are about equally divided and a speech will accomplish something." The speaker then proceeded. He touched upon the various leading questions of the day, in a masterly manner. His reference to the Philippine war was especially brilliant and eloquent, and has been the cause of setting many who heard it to thinking. He said that he believed that the United States can whip the Philippines, but there is no telling how long it will take. Spain had been at it for a long time, and realizing her inability to do it had sold the option on the fight to the United States for $20,000,000.

There were many manfestations of approval upon the conclusion of the lecture, and it was evident that the speech had made many friends. He handled the subjects so well, and explained them so lucidly that everybody could comprehend. His lecture has given new information, and we find ourselves really ignorant of what we thought we understood, and see cause to reject what we thought our truest interest.

After the lecture Colonel Bryan was tendered a reception by the Elks, of which order he is a member, in their handsome rooms in the Ent Building. Refreshments were prepared and served under the direction of J. R. Fowler.

When the feasting was concluded all repaired to the large meeting room and listened to a short address by Mr. Bryan. The talk was replete with choice sayings and was well received.

At this juncture Photographer Ralph Phillips took a flash-light of the gathering. A few minutes were given over to social intercourse, when Colonel Bryan, after bidding all a kind good night, left with Hon. W T. Creasy for the latter's home in Catawissa, where he remained until Sunday evening, when he departed for New York City.

[Read My Ad on 5th Page.]

The Diamonds, Watches and Gold Jewelry

Sold by us are handsome and thoroughly first-class in every particular. They present a better appearance and offer a security which cannot be obtained from anything inferior. New and attractive designs for spring are coming in.

—o—

J. Lee Martin,

Jeweler.

Telephone 1842.

—o—

A special low price is offered on Rogers' Knives, Forks and Spoons, until I move.

I Have Moved

Into my own building, formerly occupied by Ben Gidding's clothing store, and am receiving the following

SPRING GOODS:

Clover Seed,

Garden Tools,

Poultry Wire.

—o—

WILL HAVE A CAR LOAD OF PLAIN

Wire and Nails

In a Few Days.

—o—

J. G. WELLS,

General Hardware.

Lay it away tenderly,
Pack it with care,
The old Winter Suit
That has given such wear.

Now for Something New

For the man who is not so pitifully poor, or so recklessly rich, we have Suits in Fancy Cheviots, Worsteds, Cassimeres, Plain Cheviots and Tweeds, at $5.00, $7.50, $10.00, to $20.

Every Suit is Worth the Money

we ask for it, and every man who buys one of these suits will be well satisfied.

You can pay more money to the tailor but you'll get no better suit

We would like to show you the new Spring Styles, even if you have no notion of buying. Come in, anyhow, just for a look.

—o—

Ben Gidding

The Clothier,

Bloomsburg, Penn'a.

—o—

Come in and see us, we'll treat you right.

The Leader Dep't Store.

THE NEW BANK.

Have You Made a Deposit Yet at 5 Per Cent. a Month? Plan is Simplicity Itself.

CARPETS.—We carry the largest line of Carpets in this section of the country. In fact, we honestly believe our lines are larger than the combined stocks of the town. We are willing to let you be the judge of this.

ALL WOOL INGRAINS.—We are sending out samples this week of our All Wool Ingrains. Newest effects, latest patterns and standard quality. Prices for the newest, 65c. We have some for 50 and 55c.

And 5 Per Cent. Discount on Your Month's Purchases.

Furniture Department.

We want to talk to you of but one thing in this department. While our buyer was at Grand Rapids his attention was attracted by a new finish on furniture. It seemed to be a very light "weathered oak." We wanted some pieces in that finish and were told that in the hurry to get the goods out of the factory the last or darker finish of "weathered oak" was not put on. We ordered it just as it was and would like you to come in and see it, no matter whether you want to buy or not. We would like to know if our judgment meets with your approval. The finish brings out the beautiful quartering in the oak against a darkened background. In the usual weathered oak effect the markings of the oak are entirely lost. We are showing several pieces in the Market street window.

Dry Goods.

Trade increasing in this department at the rate of 50 per cent. over last year. Why? Better goods at lower prices and choicer selections than shown by other houses

And 5 Per Cent. Discount on Your Month's Purchases!

—o—

THE LEADER DEP'T STORE,

Fourth and Market Sts.,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

PRINCE LEAVES US.

On the Deutschland Henry of Prussia Sails For Home.

LAST DAY SPENT AT PHILADELPHIA.

A Visit to Independence Hall and Cramps' Shipyard—Returning to New York, a Farewell Dinner Is Served on Shipboard.

NEW YORK, March 11.—The visit of Prince Henry of Prussia to America is at an end.

On the Deutschland, which sailed from her Hoboken pier this afternoon, our royal guest, who has won the hearts of the people of this country wherever he has visited, departed amid demonstration of good will and hearty sympathy which he will not soon forget.

On the Deutschland, besides the prince and his party, sailed 550 cabin and 400 steerage passengers.

Prince Henry arrived at Jersey City at 6:15 o'clock last evening, returning from his day of sightseeing at Philadelphia. He went directly to Hoboken

PRINCE HENRY.

aboard the government steamer John Bowers and boarded the steamship Deutschland.

Later the prince gave a dinner to the representatives of the United States government who have been his official hosts and guides during his visit to this country in the main dining saloon of the Deutschland and then left for Manhattan. He landed at the West Thirty-fourth street pier and went directly to the Irving Place theater, where he listened to the performance given in the language of the fatherland.

WELCOMED IN PHILADELPHIA.

A Hearty Reception by Mayor and Citizens.

PHILADELPHIA, March 11.—Prince Henry and party left at 3:30 o'clock over the Pennsylvania railroad for New York.

Prince Henry of Prussia finished his American tour in this city and for the brief space of five hours was the guest of this municipality. His reception was most cordial and his welcome heartfelt. From the moment when the special train bearing the imperial visitor steamed into the Pennsylvania railroad station the popular demonstration was hearty and spontaneous.

Five minutes after his arrival Prince Henry stood in the mayor's reception room, which had been simply and tastefully decorated with flowers and the American and German colors. Mayor Ashbridge extended the freedom of the city to the royal visitor and presented to the prince a handsome album containing his address of welcome beautifully engrossed.

The streets through which the prince passed from the municipal building to Independence hall were thronged with cheering people, and the right hand of the royal guest was kept constantly in motion acknowledging the welcoming ovations.

Prince Henry remained in Independence Hall about seven minutes and from there proceeded to the plant of the Edwin S. Cramp Ship and Engine Building company.

At the Union League Prince Henry was the honored guest at a private luncheon attended by 100 prominent citizens. The banquet room was beautifully decorated. The center of the table represented a lake in which rested an electrical and floral miniature of the emperor's yacht Meteor. The chief feature of the floral decorations was a new pink carnation named Prince Henry.

The Hohenzollern Sails.

NEW YORK, March 12.—The German imperial yacht Hohenzollern passed out quarantine at 3:30 yesterday afternoon, bound for home by way of Bermuda and the Azores, with the imperial standard of Germany floating from her taffrail. Her passage down the bay was marked by frequent salutes from the numerous steam craft, to which she replied with blasts from her siren.

Suffering In Oklahoma.

WICHITA, Kan., March 10.—Dozens of cases of starvation and hundreds of destitute families are being found n the newly opened Oklahoma country. All of them are persons who drew farms in the last free land opening at El Reno in August, 1901.

New Declines the Office.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—Mr. H. S. New of Indianapolis has declined the proffer of the office of first assistant postmaster general tendered him some days ago by President Roosevelt. Mr. New's business would not permit him to accept.

BOSTON'S LABOR WAR.

Freight Handlers and Teamsters Fighting Two Railroads.

BOSTON, March 12.—The second day of the great strike of organized labor against the demands of railroad and steamship companies that merchandise delivered at freight depots by the R. S. Brine Transportation company be not discriminated against witnessed large additions to the ranks of the strikers. Nearly 6,000 union men were ordered out, bringing the grand total of idle men up to about 16,000, with the prospect that this number will be increased by several thousand.

One of the most important developments was the ordering out of the longshoremen at the docks of the Philadelphia and Metropolitan Steamship companies, in consequence of which steamers of those lines were compelled to depart with only partial cargoes, while their wharfs are partially filled with the freight which the men refused to handle. Other docks along Atlantic avenue are in similar condition, and business there is practically tied up.

The members of the General Teamsters' union, comprising 1,400 brick, sand, lime and cement teamsters, are also out, which virtually ties up the building trades by depriving them of material with which to work.

A TEXAS DISASTER.

Sixteen Killed and Twenty-eight Injured In Train Wreck.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., March 8.—A broken rail caused a frightful wreck on the Southern Pacific railroad near Maxon station, twenty-five miles west of Sanderson, yesterday. From the latest accounts received here sixteen people were killed outright, and twenty-eight were more or less injured.

The train was going at such a rate of speed that the tender and engine landed seventy-five feet from where they left the rails. The cars behind piled up against the engine, caught fire, and all were consumed except the sleepers.

All the injured in the coaches just behind the express and baggage cars were cremated. The people in the sleepers were saved with the assistance of the uninjured passengers.

TRADE CONDITIONS.

Business Checked by Flood and Storm—Wheat and Corn Advance.

NEW YORK, March 8.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

Unsettled weather was the most unsatisfactory feature of the business situation. A sudden thaw following an exceptionally heavy snowfall produced freshets and floods. Manufacturing and transporting interests suffered severely, and consumers were urgent for shipment of delayed goods, while great quantities of merchandise became stalled in transit. Preparations for an enormous spring trade continue undiminished.

All staples steadied, and some rose sharply, the net changes for the week amounting to a considerable advance. It was natural for grain to hold firm when wheat receipts at the west were 2,899,344 bushels compared with 3,747,952 last year, while arrivals of corn were but 2,001,914 bushels against 5,020,438 a year ago.

For the first time in this season cotton showed an advance over the price at the corresponding date last year, and it is significant that the higher figure failed to attract heavy selling at the south.

Failures for the week numbered 176 in the United States against 208 last year, and 17 in Canada against 26 last year.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

New York Stock Quotations.

Money on call nominally at 3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange about steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅜@4.87⅝ for demand and at $4.84⅞@4.85⅛ for 60 days. Posted rates, $4.86 and $4.88½. Commercial bills, $4.84½@4.85½. Bar silver, 54½c. Mexican dollars, 43½c. Government bonds steady. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds steady.

Closing prices:

Atchison	96¼	Ontario & West.	33
Ches. & Ohio	45⅝	Pacific Mail	48¼
People's Gas	101¼	Reading	52½
Del. & Hudson	170½	Rock Island	168
Erie	36	St. Paul	162¼
Gen. Electric	288½	Sugar Refinery	127⅛
Lead	17	Texas Pacific	39⅝
Louis. & Nash.	103¼	Union Pacific	98½
Manhattan Con.	128⅝	Wabash pref.	41¾
Missouri Pac.	97⅛	West. Union	90⅝
N. Y. Central	161½		

New York Markets.

FLOUR—Dull and a shade easier with the drop in wheat; Minnesota patents, $3.85@4.10; winter straights, $3.80@3.95; winter extras, $3.20@3.30; winter patents, $3.95@4.30.

WHEAT—Opened steady, but was soon weakened by heavy unloading based on the favorable weather and crop news; May, 82⅝@83¼c.; July, 82⅝@83¼c.

RYE—Steady; state, 60@61c., c. i. f., New York, car lots; No. 2 western, 65⅝c., f. o. b., afloat.

CORN—Steadier on the bullish government report; May, 67⅛@67½c.; July, 66½@66⅝c.

OATS—Also bullishly affected by the report on farm reserves; track, white, state, 52½@53c.; track, white, western, 52½@53c.

PORK—Steady; mess, $15.50@16.50; family, $17@17.25.

LARD—Steady; prime western steam, 9.75c.

BUTTER—Firm; state dairy, 20@26c.; creamery, 22@27c.

CHEESE—Strong; state, full cream, small, early made, fancy, colored, 12½@12¾c.; state, full cream, small, early made, fancy, white, 12½@12¾c.; full cream, large, fall made, fancy, colored, 11½@11¾c.; full cream, large, fall made, fancy, white, 11½@11¾c.

EGGS—Firm and active; state and Pennsylvania, 17c.; western, at mark, 17c.

RICE—Steady; domestic, 4¾@6½c.; Japan, 4¾@5¼c.

TALLOW—Steady; city, 6¼c.; country, 6¼@6½c.

HAY—Firm; shipping, 60@65c.; good to choice, 92½@95c.

Buffalo Live Stock Market.

CATTLE—Receipts, light; fairly steady; veals, tops, $7.75@8.25; common to good, $5.50@7.50.

HOGS—Receipts, 2,550 head; strong; Yorkers, $6.25@6.45; light, do., $6.10@6.30; mixed packers, $6.45@6.50; choice, heavy, $6.55@6.60; pigs, $5.90@6; roughs, $5.75@5.90; stags, $4.25@4.50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 2,200 head; sheep scarce and strong; lambs fairly steady; choice lambs, $6.70@6.80; good to choice, $6.55@6.65; culls to fair, $5.75@6.50; sheep, choice handy wethers, $5.50@5.80; common to extra mixed, $5.10@5.50; culls and common, $4@5.

METHUEN CAPTURED

British Routed by Delarey With Heavy Loss.

GREAT EXCITEMENT IN LONDON.

Fight Occurred In Orange River Colony — General Methuen and 77 Others Wounded—Three Officers and 38 Men Killed.

LONDON, March 11.—General Methuen was wounded and captured by the Boers under General Delarey in a battle that occurred just before dawn on March 7. His force of 1,200 men was utterly routed. Three British officers and 38 men were killed, 5 officers and 72 men were wounded, and 1 officer and 200 men are missing.

The Boers also captured four guns.

The fight occurred between Wynburg and Lichtenburg, in the Orange River Colony.

The news came like a thunderbolt to London. The extra editions of the evening papers giving an account of the disaster were eagerly bought up, and their readers hurried through the streets with anxious faces, and bitter remarks were passed on the subject of the government's declaration that the war in South Africa was over.

The news caused excitement in the mine market. Throgmorton street was thronged with South African operators eagerly inquiring for details of the British defeat and watching the effect of the announcement.

The news was received in the house of commons amid great excitement. The reading of Lord Kitchener's telegram by the war secretary, Mr. Brodrick, was listened to in deep silence, which was broken by loud Irish cheers. Instantly there were cries of "Shame, shame!" from the government benches. Then the Irish members seemed to think better of their outbreak and suddenly subsided. The subsequent eulogistic references to General Methuen were received with cheers.

KITCHENER TELLS OF BATTLE.

The text of Lord Kitchener's dispatch announcing the capture of General Methuen, dated Pretoria, March 8, is as follows: "I greatly regret to have to send you bad news of Methuen. He was moving with 900 mounted men under Major Paris and 300 infantry, four guns and a pompom from Wynburg to Lichtenburg and was to meet Grenfell, with 1,300 mounted men, at Roviraine's Fontein today. Yesterday morning early he was attacked by Delarey's force between Twebosch and Palmietknill. The Boers charged on three sides.

"Five hundred and fifty men have come in at Maribogs and Kraaipan. They were pursued by the Boers four miles from the scene of action. They report that Methuen and Paris, with the guns, baggage, etc., were captured by the Boers. Methuen when last seen was a prisoner."

Then follows the number of the casualties, as already cabled. The killed include Lieutenants G. R. Venning and T. P. W. Nesham of the Royal artillery, who were both killed while serving their guns with case shot."

The force under General Delarey was almost entirely dressed in British uniforms. This made it impossible for the infantry to distinguish between their own men and the enemy when the mounted troops were driven in on them. The enemy numbered 1,500 men. They had one 15 pounder and a pompom.

Delarey, Celliers, Kemp, Verusso, Tromp and other commandants were present.

Famous Dog Dead.

CHICAGO, March 12.—L'Ambassadeur, one of the finest bulldogs known to the history of canine aristocracy, was found dead last night in the box in which he had arrived from the east to compete for the honors of the annual dog show which opened here today. The dog has probably won more prizes and traveled a greater distance than any other dog that has been on the bench. He was eight years old and the property of C. J. Hopton of Newark, N. J. As the dog was being exercised only a few minutes before he was discovered dead, experts decided that he must have died of heart disease.

Well Known Hotel Man Dead.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., March 12.—Caleb Jewett Hamlin, a widely known hotel man, is dead here, aged sixty-seven. He had been connected with the St. James hotel in New York, the Tifft House in Buffalo, the Palmer in Chicago, the International at Niagara Falls, the Clarendon in Saratoga and the Delevan in Albany. For the past three seasons he was proprietor of the Adirondack inn at Sacandaga park.

General Funston In Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 12.—General Frederick Funston was the guest of honor at an elaborate banquet held last night in the clubhouse of the Marquette club, members of the Lincoln club also sharing in the occasion. General Funston arrived in the city at 3 o'clock in the afternoon for a stay of two days, during which time he will be the guest of various clubs and of the city as well.

More Pension For Hiram Cronk.

WASHINGTON, March 12. — The president has approved the bill granting an increased pension to Hiram Cronk of Ava, Oneida county, N. Y., who is the last surviving soldier pensioner of the war of 1812. He is now 102 years old.

Five Children Cremated.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., March 11.—Word is received here that the five children of Thomas Scanlon of Shinhoppen, Delaware county, have been burned to death.

WIND, RAIN AND HAIL.

A Destructive Storm Strikes Omaha, Neb.

OMAHA, Neb., March 12.—The heaviest wind, rain and hail storm in the history of the city has visited Omaha and Douglas county. It struck Omaha near Monmouth park, in the northern edge of the city, and moved northeast, the greatest severity being experienced in the neighborhood of Thirty-third and Larimore streets. Although perhaps fifty buildings were more or less damaged, nobody was seriously injured. Persons who were caught in the storm had narrow escapes, and Mrs. Amanda Geary, who lives at Thirty-third street and Grand avenue, probably escaped death by being absent from home. Her house was picked up and scattered over a square of ground, bits of the furniture being found in a neighboring field. Telephone and electric wires in the path of the storm were strewn over the streets, and a great number of poles were torn out.

Franklin school, one of the largest in the city, had to be abandoned temporarily. A large chimney was blown into the roof, which caved in and demolished the interior of several rooms. Small buildings were blown about, and several barns were torn to pieces.

The Monmouth Park Methodist Episcopal church was literally torn to pieces. Several greenhouses were wrecked by the hail. Immanuel hospital was badly damaged by a large chimney being blown through the roof.

Several nearby towns in this county report the worst storm for years.

MOODY TO SUCCEED LONG.

Secretary of the Navy Goes With the President's Best Wishes.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—The announcement is made that the president has accepted the resignation of John D. Long, secretary of the navy, and has appointed to that portfolio Congressman William H. Moody of Massachusetts.

Mr. Moody has accepted the place and will take hold at an early date.

The retirement of Secretary Long has been expected for several months. Even before the death of President McKinley he was anxious to retire to private life, and he has only remained this long in President Roosevelt's cabinet in order that he might cause his chief no embarrassment by withdrawing so soon after the inauguration.

The new secretary was born in Essex county, Mass., in 1853. He was graduated from Harvard in 1876 and took up the profession of law. He was first elected to the Fifty-fourth congress and has held his seat ever since.

END OF THE SESSION.

New York Legislature Expects to Finish Work In Three Weeks.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 10.—There is now every reason to believe that the legislature will not adjourn until March 28.

The most important piece of legislation to be considered this week will be the bill providing for a fiscal agent for state charitable institutions. The bill was introduced a week ago by Senator Ellsworth and was referred to the finance committee.

The success of Senator Stranahan in having his mortgage tax bill amended so as to return all moneys collected to the respective localities indicates that the bill will pass the senate in its present form.

Senator Davis, chairman of the canal committee, expects that some action may be taken on his bill appropriating $31,800,000 for the improvement of the Erie and Champlain canals.

A Huge Tidal Wave.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 12.—The Pacific Mail company's steamer Newport, from Central America and Mexican ports, brings details of a recent disaster between La Libertad and a point thirty miles north of Acajutla. Without a moment's warning a terrific tidal wave burst over all the length of the coast, and when the Newport sailed for San Francisco it was said that fifty-three bodies had already been recovered and buried. No possible estimate of the full loss of life could be made.

Sheriff of Kings County Removed.

ALBANY, March 8.—Governor Odell has removed Charles S. Guden as sheriff of Kings county and has appointed Norman S. Dike of Brooklyn to fill the vacancy.

The removal was made on the ground that Guden had entered into an illegal pre-election agreement with Bert Reiss and had taken a false oath of office. He is removed on the further ground of moral unfitness for office.

Sittings of Cortes Suspended.

MADRID, March 12.—The suspension of the sittings of the cortes was decided upon at a cabinet council yesterday afternoon, with the object of reaching an agreement on the amendments to the bank bill during the recess. A ministerial crisis is therefore at least temporarily averted.

Bank Teller Arrested.

PORTLAND, Me., March 12.—Granville W. Leighton, teller of the National Traders' bank of this city, has been placed under arrest on the accusation of being a defaulter. The officials of the bank place the shortage at $43,000.

President's First Veto.

WASHINGTON, March 12. — President Roosevelt's first veto message to congress was directed to the senate, and the bill vetoed was one removing the charge of desertion from the naval record of John Glass.

Wilcox Indicted For Cropsey Murder

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., March 12. —The grand jury found a true bill for murder in the first degree against James Wilcox, charged with killing Miss Ella Cropsey.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signatnre of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO.

DEALERS IN

Cigars, Tobacco Candies, Fruits and Nuts

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

F. F. Adams & Co's Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco

Sole agents for the following brands of Cigars:

Henry Clay, Londres, Normal, Indian Princess, Samson, Silver Ash

Bloomsburg, Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

CARPET, MATTING,

or OIL CLOTH,

YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT

W. H. BROWER'S

2 Doors above Court House.

A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

Put His Foot In It.

Jack Sporty—So Miss Chicago turned down Count Bliffenstein when he proposed.

Dolly Sporty—Yes; the poor count's English isn't of the best, and when he proposed he said: "I go for to kneel on your feet;" so she called it all off. —Town Topics.

It Might Make Trouble.

"If women served on juries, don't you think there would be more disagreements?"

"Why should there be?"

"Well, if one juror happened to criticise another's bonnet, don't you think it would be a hung jury on any proposition after that?"—Chicago Post.

Value of Economy.

Mr. Binks—Our neighbor, Minks, was shot at by a burglar and the bullet lodged in his pocketbook.

Mrs. Binks—What of it?

Mr. Binks—Nothing; only I was thinking his wife must be very economical. A bullet would go right through mine.—N. Y. Weekly.

Between the ages of fifteen and forty-five, the time when womanhood begins and motherhood ends, it is estimated that the aggregate term of woman's suffering is ten years. Ten years out of thirty! One third of the best part of a woman's life sacrificed! Think of the enormous loss of time! But time is not all that is lost. Those years of suffering steal the bloom from the cheeks, the brightness from the eyes, the fairness from the form. They write their record in many a crease and wrinkle. What a boon then to woman, is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It promotes perfect regularity, dries up debilitating drains, heals ulceration, cures female weakness, and establishes the delicate womanly organs in vigorous and permanent health. No other medicine can do for woman what is done by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

The helm of a ship has a stern duty to perform.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

The barroom wit loses his prestige when his money is all spent.

ARE YOU USING ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE?—Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures corns, bunions, painful, smarting, hot, swollen feet. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. 2 27d4t

Even an automobile entails running expenses.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

	RETAIL PRICES.
Butter, per pound	$ 24
Eggs, per dozen	20
Lard, per pound	14
Ham, per pound	14
Beef (quarter), per pound	6 to 8
Wheat, per bushel	1 00
Oats, do	65
Rye, do	60
Flour per bbl.	4 40
Hay, per ton	14 00
Potatoes, (new), per bushel	1 00
Turnips, do	40
Tallow, per pound	05
Shoulder, do	10
Side meat, do	09
Vinegar, per qt	05
Dried apples, per pound	06
Cow hides, do	3½
Steer do do	05
Calf skin	80
Sheep pelts	75
Shelled corn, per bushel	82
Corn meal, cwt.	2 00
Bran, cwt.	1 40
Chop, cwt.	1 50
Middlings, cwt.	1 40
Chickens, per pound, new	12
do do old	10
Geese, do	12½
Ducks, do	12
do	08

COAL.

Number 6, delivered	3 50
do 4 and 5 delivered,	4 40
do 6, at yard.	3 15
do 4 and 5, at yard	4 25

THE PENNSYLVANIA ANTHRACITE COAL FIELD.

The good or the bad condition of the Pennsylvania anthracite coal mining industry affects happily or unhappily the lives of hundreds of thousands of our people through all grades of society, from the coal picker to the millionaire capitalist; and the discussion of this great industry is of corresponding interest. The Third Part of the Twenty-second Annual Report of the United States Geological Survey, now passing through the press, contains the description of "The Pennsylvania Anthracite Coal Field," by Mr. H. H. Stoek. Speaking broadly, the anthracite coal field, consisting of long, narrow, upland valleys and located in east-central Pennsylvania, may be said to be bounded on the west by the Susquehanna River, on the north by the North Branch of the Susquehanna, and on the east by the Delaware and Lehigh rivers. The anthracite region lies mainly within Lackawanna, Luzerne, Carbon, Schuylkill, and Northumberland counties, though the measures overlap into Wayne, Susquehanna, Wyoming, Sullivan, Columbia, Dauphin, and Lebanon. Of the total anthracite territory, only about 484 square miles are underlain by workable coal measures; nor is this productive area continuous, but consists of detached basins. Of the four main geographic divisions, the Northern basin, including the Wyoming and Lackawanna valleys, contains 176 square miles. The Eastern-middle basin has a total coal area of about 33 square miles. The Southern basin extends 70 miles from Mauchchunk on the Lehigh River west to Dauphin on the Susquehanna, and contains 181 square miles.

The Western-middle basin contains 94 square miles. This anthracite coal field is divided for trade and labor purposes into the Wyoming region, or labor district No. 1; the Lehigh region, or labor district No. 7; and the Schuylkill region, or labor district No. 9.

It is probable that only a very small part of the coal measures originally deposited in this region has escaped erosion. In the report of the Coal Waste Commission (Harrisburg), Mr. D. W. Smith estimates the original contents of the anthracite coal field before mining began at more than 19,500 million tons, and he thinks that this amount of coal represents not more than 6 per cent, probably about 2 per cent, and possibly only 1 per cent of the vast original coal deposit before erosion took place. The coal beds vary in thickness from mere traces of coal to the 50 or 60 feet of the Mammoth bed. In the Wyoming basin of the Northern field 81.8 per cent of the total coal may be considered marketable; in the Eastern-middle field, 75 to 77 per cent; in the Southern field, 72 per cent; in the Western middle field, 75 per cent. The development of the anthracite coal field may be briefly suggested by the following chronology: 1762. Anthracite discovered in Wyoming Valley by Connecticut settlers. 1769, Obadiah Gore first burned anthracite in his blacksmith forge. 1802, Anthracite first burned in a grate in Philadelphia. 1812, Anthracite first successfully used in an iron furnace at Philadelphia. 1823, First cargo of anthracite shipped around Cape Cod to Boston. 1820-184c, Period of canals and navigation companies. 1840-1901, Period of railroad exploitation. 1855, Anthracite leads charcoal in manufacture of pig iron. 1887, Important development of lake and western trade. 1900, Large number individual collieries bought up by railroads.

After a protracted contest with the railroads, the individual operators consolidated their interests in 1899 with the Pennsylvania Coal Company and incorporated a railway for themselves; whereupon, in January 1901, the Pennsylvania Coal Company was bought by Messrs. Pierpont Morgan & Co., at an increase of 752 per cent upon the par value of the stock; this property was then immediately sold to the Erie Railroad; and thus the contest was closed. The mining is by "stripping," where the coal outcrop can be easily reached, and by the room and pillar system for underground work. Slopes and shafts are the prevailing form of mine opening. Anthracite is universally mined with hand rotary drills and by the use of black blasting powder, dynamite or giant powder being sometimes used. The reports of the Bureau of Mines give 39 3 tons of anthracite mined as the approximate result per keg used, as against 282 tons, per keg of powder, of bituminous coal mined during the same period. The coal is not undercut as a general rule, and mining machines have never been applied successfully to the anthracite field. Ventilation is universally by rotary fans, and fire-damp exists in a number of mines in such quantities as to render it necessary to work them entirely by the use of safety lamps. Every known form of haulage—mule haulage, rope haulage, locomotive haulage—is to be found in the anthracite mines, there being in 1900, 332 engines of various kinds, and 15,708 mules for hauling coal.

Unlike bituminous coal, anthracite must be broken, sorted to sizes, and have the impurities picked out, before it can be marketed. The coal is broken by toothed rolls, and screened in circular or horizontal screens, the slate being picked out by machinery or by boys and old men. Some years ago the anthracite miners were mainly American, English, Welsh and Irish; but at present a great many nationalities are represented in the anthracite fields. The percentages of nationalities are about as follows: American, 21; Irish, 16; English, 5; Welsh, 9—a little over 51 per cent—Polish, 27, Hungarian, 6; Italian, 3; German, 4; and Austrian, Slavonic, Scotch, and Lithuanian over 1 per cent each. In 1899 the amount of employees inside the mines was 92,223; of outside employees, 48,433, a total of 140,656. The production of coal in the anthracite field by decennial periods since 1880 has been, in round numbers: 1880, 28,700,000 tons, valued at $42,300,000; 1890, 46,500,000 tons, valued at $66,400,000; 1900, 57,400,000 tons, valued at $86,000,000. Concentration of interests in the anthracite coal fields has been the policy for the past few years in connection with the mining and preparation of coal, as well as in the ownership of the properties. Large central plants are rapidly replacing isolated smaller plants. One large breaker now does the work formerly done by a number of small ones. A single tubular boiler plant has replaced possibly half a dozen scattered individual plants of old-fashioned cylindrical boilers, and mammoth central pumping plants or drainage tunnels are now draining whole basins, where formerly a large number of small plants were doing the work. This concentration naturally tends to better management, and to a saving in fixed expenses and in labor. These economies have resulted from the increase of capital and labor required to produce anthracite, without a corresponding increase in demand for it. In 1880, coal royalties were from 20 to 25 cents per ton for prepared sizes, the sizes below chestnut being neglected or thrown away; now royalties are 25 cents for pea coal, about 10 to 12½ cents for small sizes below pea, and from 40 to 50 cents for prepared sizes above pea. In 1877, the average number of days worked per year was 205; 1897, it was 152. The cost of opening a colliery in 1887 was $100,000; now it is from $400,000 to $500,000. Owing to requirements of cleaning, about 14 per cent of the coal product which was formerly saleable must now be thrown upon the dump. In 1887, the average daily breaker output was 500 tons; in 1897, the average of all breakers was 380 tons. In 1880, 88 per cent of the coal sold was of the size which sold at a profit; in 1897, only 70 per cent. In 1877, 38 per cent of all coal mined was grate and larger sizes not requiring preparation for sale; in 1887, only 26 per cent; in 1897, 15 per cent. The selling price of prepared sizes at tide water was $3.26 in 1877, $3.67 in 1887, and $3.46 in 1897. Deeper workings, heavier machinery, greater costs in many ways of mining, have greatly increased cost of preparation. Nevertheless, pessimists to the contrary, says Mr. Stoek, the anthracite industry, with an invested capital of some $700,000,000, with natural annual profits of from $85,000,000 to $100,000,000, with a freight traffic worth $40,000,000 per year to the carriers, cannot be rapidly wiped out of existence.

The cost of mining anthracite can hardly be given in general terms. It is probably not far from $1.50 per ton.

Learn Something.

About eighty per cent. of the inmates of our prisons and penitentaries have received sufficient education to be able to write their own names and read a little. About the same proportion have never been taught to use their hands in any useful way. These figures would appear to constitute an impressive argument in favor of industrial education. The mechanic is seldom at a disadvantage. He can nearly always find employment while the man who does not understand how to use his hands is often reduced to direst distress, because no man will hire him.

Read the Papers.

The principal of the Philadelphia schools, Dr. Brooks, says he is in thorough accord with the thought that teachers should carefully read the newspapers. The newspapers, says Dr. Brooks, are very largely the only means for learning of current events, and teachers should be as well acquainted with contemporaneous history as with the history of any period of the world.

Some people are so fond of talking that they don't know the difference between conversation and a monologue.

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, March 7, 1902.

"If we don't revise the tariff the democrats will; and I am afraid that a good many of the members now in Congress will not be here to supervise the job," remarked a republican member of the House, one day recently in my hearing, and to the consternation of the republican leaders that sentiment is growing daily. It is a well known fact that Representative Babcock of Wisconsin made a vigorous effort to organize an effective opposition to the rule which prevented any amendment of the bill abolishing the war revenue taxes. At the last moment the Michigan delegation, on which Mr. Babcock had counted as an ally, declined to vote with him and consequently he determined to abandon his project for the time and has since devoted himself to the organization of those republicans who desire a revision of the tariff at this session. Whether the autocracy of the Reed rules and the vigor of the party whip will be sufficient to suppress the "schism," as it is called by gentlemen of the Henderson-Dalzell school, remains to be seen, but unless the subject of reciprocity with Cuba is soon disposed of it is safe to say that they will not.

***

Cuba is another "thorn in the flesh" of the leaders. The third caucus on the subject, held Monday evening, was productive of no results and another will be held this evening. The President refuses to recede from his original position, that something must be done for Cuba and General Grosvenor of Ohio has become a warm advocate of the Ways and Means Committee bill which grants 20 per cent reciprocal reduction on Cuban imports. Mr. Roosevelt is threatening to send a special message to Congress on the subject although if he does it will be against the advice of his friends who fear that it would have a tendency to make the opposition even more obstinate and might even injure his chances for a renomination. Senator Rawlins of Utah told me the other day that while he had not investigated the subject as he intended to before the matter came up in the Senate, he was certainly suspicious of the vigorous advocacy of Cuban reciprocity which is being displayed by newspapers which have always heretofore been the friends of the trusts and he was at a loss to understand how the Cubans themselves could have produced the widespread sentiment which there seems to be in favor of concessions to the island.

***

The Senate has sent to the President the bill providing for a permanent Census Bureau but Mr. Roosevelt has expressed disapproval of the section which includes in the civil service all of the clerks now employed by the bureau, not more than one-third of which will be retained in the permanent organization. He has so far refused to sign the measure and has even stated that he felt inclined to veto it, although it is not believed that he will yield to the inclination.

***

On Monday Senator Frye commenced his argument in favor of the ship subsidy bill and the measure is still under consideration. Several democratic senators will present the views that lead them to oppose the measure but they will not adopt obstructive tactics and there is little doubt that it will pass the upper chamber. The Senate has also passed the irrigation bill and has sent it over to the House where it may not receive as favorable consideration.

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The House Committee on Post-offices and Post Roads has reported a bill providing that hereafter the routes of the free delivery service shall be let by contract instead of being covered by salaried carriers and although this was voted for by a large majority of the Committee, the minority report, prepared by Mr. Swanson of Virginia has received considerable support in the House. Mr. Swanson told me yesterday that he considered the passage of the bill would be a grave mistake. "Great responsibility," said Mr. Swanson, "rests upon the carriers of rural routes and their personality is a matter of great importance to the residents of the districts. In the first place, the contract system would result in securing the cheapest class of men and equipment. The prices bid would be too low to secure men of high grade. By the provisions of the bill there would be no permanent tenure, as either the government or the carrier could cancel the contract on thirty day's notice. This would, of itself, militate against the efficiency of the service. Again, it is unreasonable to expect that the men who have contracted to do certain work for the least possible money will be as accomodating and as ready to issue money orders, register mail and in other ways increase their work as men who are paid a salary and who appreciate that their positions are permanent so long as they perform their duties to the satisfaction of their patrons and of the Department. These are but a few of the many objections to the measure but I feel confident that, could the residents along the free delivery routes have an opportunity of expressing themselves, they would be unanimous in their opposition to the change." From what I have been able to learn from the Senate end of the Capitol it seems hardly likely that the bill will receive a favorable vote in that body, particularly as its opponents predict that before the Senate takes it up for consideration the senators will be overwhelmed with protests from the residents of their several states.

***

Representative William Sulzer, of New York, told me yesterday that he had not given up hope of securing the enactment of the bill he has so faithfully championed in several Congresses and which embodies a material increase in the salaries of letter-carriers throughout the country. "I appreciate," said Mr. Sulzer, "the many obstacles in the way of this legislation. The present majority owes its success, not to its adherence to the principles of right and justice, not to its advancement of the cause of the people, but to its subserviency to the wishes of the capitalists and the great vested interests whose money flows like water into the treasuries of the republican campaign committees. Nevertheless, there is so much merit in my bill, so much that appeals to the inherent sense of justice of the American people, that I feel sure, when they realize the facts, they will demand its passage. As a matter of fact, our letter-carriers, who are the hardest worked employees of the government, do not receive a remuneration sufficient to enable them to live comfortably and properly educate their children. It is a crying shame, but I believe that the people will awaken to the injustice and bring sufficient pressure to bear on the majority to make even the republicans pass a measure which can claim for its champion no prince of industry."

Getting Thin

is all right, if you are too fat; and all wrong, if too thin already.

Fat, enough for your habit, is healthy; a little more, or less, is no great harm. Too fat, consult a doctor; too thin, persistently thin, no matter what cause, take Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil.

There are many causes of getting too thin; they all come under these two heads: over-work and under-digestion.

Stop over-work, if you can; but, whether you can or not, take Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, to balance yourself with your work. You can't live on it--true--but, by it, you can. There's a limit, however; you'll pay for it

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil is the readiest cure for "can't eat," unless it comes of your doing no work--you can't long be well and strong, without some sort of activity.

The genuine has this picture on it, take no other.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample, its agreeable taste will surprise you.

SCOTT & BOWNE Chemists, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

DR. AGNEW'S OINTMENT CURES PILES.—Itching, Bleeding and Blind Piles. Comfort in one application. It cures in three to six nights. It cures all skin diseases in young and old. A remedy beyond compare, and it never fails. 35 cents.—32.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

Ambition and contentment seldom travel together.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Time Table in effect Nov. 24, 1901

	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Scranton(D& H)lv	6 45	9 38	12 18	4 27
Pittston " "	7 08	10 00	12 42	4 52
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Wilkesbarre..lv	7 25	10 35	1 2 45	5 00
Plym'th Ferry "	7 32	10 42	1 2 52	5 07
Nanticoke ... "	7 42	10 50	3 01	6 17
Mocanaqua ... "	8 01	11 07	3 20	6 37
Wapwallopen.. "	8 12	11 16	3 3.	6 47
Nescopeck ... ar	8 18	11 26	3 42	7 00
	A. M.		A. M.	
Pottsville. ... lv	5 50		11 55	2 45
Hazleton ..... "	7 05		12 55	3 05
Tomhicken..... "	7 22		1 11	3 15
Fern Glen ..... "	7 29		1 18	3 22
Rock Glen ..... "	7 35			
Nescopeck..... ar	8 02		1 45	
Catawissa				4 0?
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Nescopeck.....lv	8 18	11 26	3 42	7 00
Creasy ..... "	8 30	11 36	3 52	7 05
Espy Ferry..... "	8 42	11 46	4 02	7 20
E. Bloomsburg"	8 47	11 50	4 06	7 25
		P. M.		
Catawissa..... ar	8 55	11 57	4 18	7 32
Catawissa.....lv	8 55	11 57	4 13	7 32
S. Danville..... "	9 14	12 15	4 31	7 51
Sunbury..... "	9 35	12 40	4 55	8 15
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Sunbury.....lv	9 42	1 24	5 10	9 45
Lewisburg ....ar	10 13	1 45	5 40	.....
Milton..... "	10 08	1 39	5 35	10 07
Williamsport.. "	11 00	1 41	6 30	10 55
Lock Haven..... "	11 59	2 20	7 28	.....
Renovo ..... "	A. M.	3 00	8 30	.....
Kane..... "	.....	8 25	.....	.....
	P. M.	P. M.		
Lock Haven...lv	12 10	03 45	.....	.....
Bellefonte.....ar	1 35	04 44	.....	.....
Tyrone..... "	2 20	05 00	.....	.....
Philipsburg.... "	4 35	08 02	.....	.....
Clearfield ..... "	5 25	08 45	.....	.....
Pittsburg ..... "	6 55	010 45	.....	.....
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Sunbury.....lv	9 50	1 55	5 20	8 31
Harrisburg....ar	11 30	3 15	6 50	10 10
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Philadelphia..ar	3 17	6 23	10 20	4 25
Baltimore..... "	3 11	6 00	9 45	2 30
Washington... "	4 10	7 15	10 55	4 05
	A. M.	P. M.		
Sunbury lv	10 00	2 15	.....	.....
	P. M.			
Lewistown Jc ar	11 45	4 05	.....	.....
Pittsburg..... "	6 55	10 45	.....	.....
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Harrisburg..... lv	11 45	5 00	7 15	10 25
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Pittsburg.....ar	6 55	11 50	1 50	5 30

§ Weekdays. Daily. ‡ Flag Station

	P. M.	p. m	a. m.	a. m
Pittsburg.....lv	7 10	9 00	3 00	8 00
	A. M.	A. M.		P. M.
Harrisburg....ar	2 00	4 20	9 30	3 10
		a. m.	p. m.	a. m.
Pittsburg.....lv	.....	.....	...	† 8 00
				P. M.
Lewistown Jc."	† 7 30			† 3 00
Sunbury..... ar	† 9 20			† 4 50
	p. m.	A. M.	A. M.	a. m
Washington....lv	10 40	.....	† 7 50	10 50
Baltimore..... "	11 41	4 40	† 8 37	11 45
Philadelphia... "	11 20	4 25	8 30	11 40
		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Harrisburg..... lv		3 35	7 55	† 3 20
Sunbury..... ar		5 05	9 36	† 5 05
	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
Pittsburg.....lv	12 45	.....	8 00	8 00
Clearfield ..... "	3 50	.....	.....	9 28
Philipsburg.... "	4 40	.....	.....	10 12
Tyrone..... "	7 00	.....	8 10	12 25
Bellefonte..... "	8 16	.....	9 32	1 05
Lock Haven...ar	9 15	.....	10 30	2 10
	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Erie..... lv	5 35	.....	.....	.....
Kane..... "	8 45	.....	5 00	.....
Renovo..... "	11 50	6 45	10 30	.....
Lock Haven.... "	12 38	7 35	11 25	8 00
	A. M.		P. M.	
Williamsport.. "	2 29	8 30	12 40	4 00
Milton..... "	2 22	9 19	1 27	4 47
Lewisburg..... "	.....	9 05	1 15	4 42
Sunbury..... ar	3 23	9 46	1 55	5 16
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M
Sunbury..... lv	6 45	9 55	2 00	5 25
S. Danville..... "	7 11	10 17	2 21	5 50
Catawissa..... "	7 32	10 35	2 36	6 08
E. Bloomsburg"	7 37	10 43	2 43	6 15
Espy Ferry..... "	7 42	10 47		6 19
Creasy..... "	7 53	10 56	2 55	6 30
Nescopeck .... ar	8 03	11 05	3 05	6 40
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M
Nescopeck.....lv	7 32	10 38	12 36	608
Catawissa.....	8 23			
Rock Glen..... ar		11 22	5 05	7 28
Fern Glen..... "	8 51	11 28	5 32	7 34
Tomhicken..... "	8 58	11 38	5 38	7 42
Hazleton ..... "	9 19	11 58	5 59	8 02
Pottsville..... "	10 15		6 55	
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M
Nescopeck lv	8 02	11 05	3 05	6 40
Wapwallopen.ar	8 19	11 20	3 20	7 02
Mocanaqua..... "	8 31	11 32	3 30	7 01
Nanticoke ..... "	8 53	11 54	3 49	7 19
		P. M.		
Plym'th Ferry "	9 03	12 02	3 57	7 28
Wilkesbarre.... "	9 13	12 10	4 05	8 35
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M
Pittston(D & H) ar	9 39	12 55	4 56	8 36
Scranton " "	10 08	1 24	5 24	9 05

† Weekdays. ‡ Daily. ‡ Flag station.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

LACKAWANNA RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

In effect Jan. 26, 1902.

STATIONS.	EAST.			
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M
NORTHUMBERLAND.....	10 35	1.50	10 00	5 30
Cameron.....	6 47	12 01		5 41
Danville	6 57	12 11	10 19	5 51
Catawissa	7 11	2 24	10 34	6 05
Rupert.....	7 16	2 29	10 37	6 10
Bloomsburg.....	7 22	2 34	10 43	6 14
Espy.....	7 28	2 40	10 48	6 21
Lime Ridge.....	7 36	12 46	10 54	6 27
Willow Grove.....	7 40	12 50		
Briarcreek.....	7 44	12 53		6 34
Berwick.....	7 50	2 58	11 05	6 41
Beach Haven.....	7 58	3 03	11 10	6 47
Hick's Ferry.....	8 07	3 09	11 15	6 54
Shickshinny.....	8 17	3 20	11 29	7 06
Hunlock's.....	8 27	3 31		7 17
Nanticoke.....	8 34	3 38	11 43	7 21
Avondale.....	8 37	3 42		
Plymouth.....	8 44	3 47	11 51	7 31
Plymouth Junction.....	8 47	3 52		
Kingston.....	8 55	4 00	11 59	7 40
Bennett.....	8 58	4 03	12 02	7 45
Forty Fort.....		4 07		7 50
Wyoming.....	9 05	4 12	12 08	7 52
West Pittston.....	9 10	4 17		7 56
Susquehanna Ave.....	9 13	4 20	12 14	7 59
Pittston	9 19	4 24	12 17	8 03
Duryea.....	9 23	4 29		8 07
Lackawanna.....	9 26	4 32		8 10
Taylor.....	9 32	4 40		8 18
Bellevue.....	9 37	4 45		
SCRANTON.....	9 42	4 50	12 35	8 25
	A.M	P.M.	P.M	P.M
STATIONS.	WEST.			
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
SCRANTON.....	6 35	10 05	1 55	5 10
Bellevue.....	6 39			
Taylor.....	6 43	10 15	2 03	6 19
Lackawanna.....	7 48	10 23	2 10	6 26
Duryea.....	6 53	10 26	2 13	6 29
Pittston.....	6 57	10 31	2 17	6 33
Susquehanna Ave.....	7 00	10 33	2 19	6 35
West Pittston.....	7 03	10 35	2 22	6 39
Wyoming.....	7 08	10 40	2 27	6 44
Forty Fort.....			2 31	
Bennett.....	7 15	10 49	2 34	6 50
Kingston.....	7 21	10 54	2 40	6 55
Plymouth.....	7 30	11 03	2 49	7 03
Avondale.....	7 35		2 54	
Nanticoke.....	7 39	11 11	2 58	7 12
Hunlock's.....	7 45	11 17	3 06	7 17
Shickshinny.....	7 55	11 29	3 20	7 31
Hick's Ferry.....	8 07	11 43	3 30	7 41
Beach Haven.....	8 13	11 48	3 37	7 48
Berwick.....	8 19	11 54	3 44	7 53
Briarcreek.....	8 23		3 50	
Willow Grove.....	8 27		3 54	8 03
Lime Ridge.....	8 31	12 09	3 58	8 07
Espy.....	8 37	12 15	4 06	8 12
Bloomsburg.....	8 44	12 22	4 12	8 19
Rupert.....	8 49	12 27	4 17	8 24
Catawissa.....	8 54	12 32	4 22	8 28
Danville.....	9 09	12 47	4 35	8 40
Caulasky.....			4 42	
Cameron.....	9 21	12 57	4 48	
NORTHUMBERLAND.....	9 35	1 10	5 00	9 05
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P M.

‡ Runs daily. f Flag station.

A. C. SALISBURY, Supt. T. W. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

B. & S. R. R.

SOUTH.— ARRIVE.				STATIONS.	—NORTH LEAVE			
a.m	a.m.	p m	p.m.		am	pm	pm	am
7.10	12.10	6.00	2.15	Bloomsbu'g	8.50	2 27	6 25	6.10
7.08	12.08	5.58	2.10	" P. & F	8.52	2.39	6.27	
7.03	12.02	5.53	2.05	" Main st.	8.55	2.42	6.30	
7.58	11.53	5.42	1 50	Paper Mill	9.05	2.52	6.40	6.37
6.50	11.50	5.39	1.45	..Light St.	9.08	2.55	6.44	6.50
6.40	11.42	5.31	1.30	Orangeville	9.16	3.03	7.53	7.10
6.29	11.31	5.21	1.00	..Forks...	9.26	3.13	6.03	7.35
6.25	11.29	5.17	12.53	...Zaner's..	9.30	3.17	6.07	7.45
6.18	11.21	5.08	12.45	Stillwater	9.38	3.25	6.18	8.00
6.08	11.13	5.00	12.35	...Benton..	9.46	3.33	7.33	8.30
6.04	11.09	4.56	12.10	...Edson's...	9.50	3.37	7.27	8.40
6.02	11.06	4.53	12.08	Cole's Cr'k	9.53	3.40	7.31	8.46
6.53	11.02	4.48	11.53	..Laubach..	9.58	3.45	7.41	9.00
6.43	10.51	4.38	11.45	...Central.	10 05	3.52	7.51	9.25
5.40	10.48	4.35	11.30	Jam. City.	10.08	3.55	7.56	am
am	am	p m	p m		am	pm	p m	
LEAVE				Corrected to Jan. 30, 1902.				ARRIVE

Runs daily. f Flag station.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILROAD.

In effect March 1, 1902.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 7.10 11.30 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.10 a. m., 3.36 p m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.10 a. m. 3.36.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.10, 8.38, 11.30 a. m., 12.20, 5.00, 6.30, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.10, 8.38 11.30 a. m., 12.20, 3.36, 5.00, 6.30, p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 3.20, 7.55, 11.26 a. m., 2.46, 7.27, p. m. Sundays 3.20, 7.55 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7.27, p. m. Additional trains from 24 and Chestnut street station, weekdays, 1.35, 5.42 8.28 p. m. Sundays, 1.35, 8.28 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG

Leave New York via Philadelphia 7.30 a m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.21 a. m.

Leave Reading 12.15 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.12 a m., 5.42 p m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.21 9.10 a. m 1.30 3.36, 6.08 p. m.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.28, 9.18 11.40 a. m., 1.38, 3 46, 6.21.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street wharf and South Street wharf.

For ATLANTIC CITY — Weekdays. — Express, 9.00, 10.45 a. m., (1.00 Saturday only.) 2.00, 4 00, 5.00, 7.15 p. m. Accommodation, 8 00 a. m., 5.15 p. m. Sundays—Express, 9.00, 10.00 a. m., 7.15 p. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a m. 5.00 p. m.

Leave ATLANTIC CITY, Weekdays—Express, 7.35, 9.00, 10.15 a. m., 2.50, 5.30, 7.30 p. m. Accommodation, 6 25 a m., 3 50 p. m.

Sundays—Express, 10.15 a. m., 4 30, 7.30, p m., Accommodation, 7 15 a. m., 4.05 p. m.

Parlor cars on all express trains.

LEAVE PHILADELPHIA.

For CAPE MAY—Weekdays—8.45, a. m., 4.15 p. m. Sundays, Chestnut st., 8.45 a. m. South St., 8.30 a. m.

NEW YORK AND ATLANTIC CITY EXPRESS. Leaves NEW YORK (Liberty Street) 9.40 a. m. 8.40 p. m.

Leaves ATLANTIC CITY, 8.30 a. m., 2.15 p. m.

Detailed time tables at ticket offices.

W. G. BESLER, Gen'l Supt. EDSON J. WEEKS, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Beagle Studio!

Prompt attention given to all

Photographic Work.

Crayons, Framing, Copying and Bromide Enlargements. Made at Short Notice.

The Beagle Studio,

MAIN AND CENTRE STS.

You can save money on Pianos and Organs. You will always find the largest stock, best makes and lowest prices.

PIANOS, From $175.00 and Upwards.

ORGANS, From $50.00 and Upwards

We sell on the installment plan. Piano $25.00 down and $10.00 per month. Organs, $10.00 down, $5.00 per month. Liberal discount for cash. Sheet music, at one half price. Musical merchandise of all kinds.

We handle Genuine Singer High Arm

SEWING MACHINES

$5.00 down and $3.00 per month. We also handle the Demorest Sewing Machine, from $19.50 and upwards. Sewing Machine Needles and Oil for all makes of Sewing Machines. Best makes of

WASH MACHINES

FROM $4.00 UP TO $.00.

J. SALTZER.

Music Rooms—No. 115 W. Main street below Market, Bloomsburg, Pa.

LIFE SIZED

PHOTOGRAPHS

Having just received a new, large camera and lense, of celebrated make, we CAN FURNISH you with the largest DIRECT PORTRAIT and GROUPE PHOTOGRAPHS made in Columbia County. We STRIVE continually TO PRODUCE the BEST in photography, and would be pleased to have you call and examine our work.

Capwell's Studio,

(Over Hartman's Store)

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

PATENTS

Caveats and Trade Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.

OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE THE U. S. PATENT OFFICE. We have no sub-agencies, all business direct, hence can transact patent business in less time and at Less Cost than those remote from Washington

Send model, drawing or photo, with description. We advise if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A book, "How to Obtain Patents," with reference to actual clients in your State, County or town sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO., Washington, D. C. (Opposite U. S. Patent Office.)

ASK Druggist for 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.

Ely's Cream Balm

Gives Relief at once

It cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly. It is absorbed. Heals and protects the membrane. Restores the senses of taste and smell Full size, 50c.; trial size, 10c., at druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York

CATARRH

COLD IN HEA

PARKER'S
HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair.
Promotes a luxuriant growth.
Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color.
Cures scalp diseases & hair falling
50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

First National Bank,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

E. W. M. LOW, - - - - - - - - - - PRESIDENT
J. M. STAVER, - - - - - - - - - VICE PRES'T
E. B. TUSTIN, - - - - - - - - - - CASHIER
E. F. CARPENTER, - - - - - - - ASST. CASHIER

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - $190,000.

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THE COLUMBIAN.
ESTABLISHED 1866.
THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT,
ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,
At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.
GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.
D. J. TASKER, LOCAL EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance.

All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, MARCH 13, 1902.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR STATE SENATOR,
J. HENRY COCHRAN,
of Lycoming Co.
Subject to the decision of the Senatorial Conferrees of the 24th District.

FOR CONGRESS,
ANDREW L. FRITZ,
of Bloomsburg.
Subject to the decision of the Congressional Conferrees of the 17th District.

[The following announcements are subject to the decision of the Democratic party of Columbia County:]

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
C. A. SMALL,
of Catawissa.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
HON. FRED. IKELER,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
HON. WILLIAM T. CREASY,
of Catawissa Township.

FOR PROTHONOTARY AND CLERK OF THE COURTS,
C. M. TERWILLIGER,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR PROTHONOTARY AND CLERK OF THE COURTS,
R. R. ZARR,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR PROTHONOTARY AND CLERK OF THE COURTS,
JOHN K. MILLER,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
J. C. RUTTER, JR.,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY AUDITOR,
GEO. H. SHARPLESS,
of Catawissa.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
(South Side)
WILLIAM H. FISHER,
of Main Twp.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
(North Side)
GEO. W. STERNER,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM BOGERT,
of Scott Twp.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
A. B. CROOP,
of Briarcreek Twp.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
WILLIAM KRICKBAUM,
of Bloomsburg.

We clip the following editorial from the Phila. *Record* of March 7:

"Hon. Andrew L. Fritz of Bloomsburg is announced as a candidate for Congress in the Sixteenth Pennsylvania District. The Sixteenth District—Columbia, Montour, Northumberland, Sullivan—is one of the sure Districts into which the Republican Legislature has gerrymandered as large a Democratic majority as possible. Should the nomination go to Mr. Fritz a sure Democrat, with ability and experience to enable him to make himself usefulboth to his constituency and the country, would take his seat in the next Congress."

FRED IKELER FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

A special from Harrisburg to yesterday's Philadelphia *Press* says: "Certain prominent Democrats recently summoned Representative Fred T. Ikeler, of Columbia County, here for a conference, with a view to ascertaining whether he would accept the party's nomination for Lieutenant Governor.

Mr. Ikeler did not fully commit himself, but it is understood that he gave his friends sufficient encouragement to induce them to make an active canvass."

PERSONAL REGISTRATION.

The Joint Committee for the Promotion of Electoral Reforms in Pennsylvania, of which Clinton Rogers Woodruff, of the Municipal League, is chairman, has prepared a draft of a Personal Registration bill which will be presented to the next Legislature for adoption. The "Joint Committee" represents the Municipal League of Philadelphia, the Pennsylvania Ballot Reform Association and the Civil Service Reform Association of Pennsylvania. Under the provisions of the Joint Committee, personal registration is made to apply to cities of the first, second and third class.

By the proposed act the Court of Quarter Sessions in each county affected shall direct the County Commissioners to divide the wards of the respective cities into registration districts of compact contiguous territory, to contain not more than 2,500 voters. The court is to have power to arrange such boundaries, and shall on the first Saturday of each August appoint three registrars, not all of the same political parties, residents of the city for five years preceding. Each registration board may appoint two clerks, having the same qualifications, the compensation of all to be fixed by the court.

The registrars for each district are to meet at such places as may be fixed by the court, on the 64th, 62d, 29th, 27th and 17th days preceding the general election, and the 29th, 27th and 17th days preceding the municipal election, and remain in open session from 10 A. M. to 6 P. M. and from 7.30 to 10 P. M., to hear and determine the claims of persons claiming to be entitled to vote at the approaching election.

Every claim for registration must be made in person and under oath, The claimant is required to give full and explicit information as to his residence and other legal qualifications, such as payment of taxes and naturalization. If he is not known to the registrars, or if they are not satisfied as to his right to be registered, he must produce a qualified elector who can make the required affidavits to establish his right.

If the majority of the registrars are of opinion that the claimant is entitled to vote in that election district at the next election, his name shall be immediately placed on the register of voters for the election district wherein he lives, which said registry shall state sufficient information to lead to the identification of the registered voters.

There shall also be provided a column at the end of the line where the voter, if challenged and able to write, shall sign his name on election day before receiving his ballot.

Two of the lists, including the one containing the signatures of electors, shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions for the respective counties until they are required for use at the polls, when they shall be placed in the hands of the election officers for that purpose. Of the two lists so filed the one not containing the signatures of electors shall be kept open for public inspection during office hours. The third registry list shall be exhibited at the place of registration in the registry district until the day of election. After the day of election two of the lists, including the one containing the signatures of electors, shall be refiled in the office of the clerk of Quarter Sessions, and by him retained for a period of two years; the other shall be placed in the envelope with the other election papers for transmission to the Prothonotary.

Parties or groups of electors entitled to watchers at the general election may have watchers at the registration. Provision is made for adding names to or striking them from the lists by the court. Any registrar knowingly registering a voter not entitled to registry or refusing to register one lawfully entitled thereto, is liable to a fine of $500 and imprisonment for one year, while for not properly performing their duties through negligence the registry officials are liable to $100 fine. Other penalties are provided for violations of the act.

TOO EXTRAVAGANT.

Says a Conneeticut Justice of the Supreme Court.

In an address at Hartford one evening last week, Simeon E. Baldwin, of New Haven, associate justice of the Supreme Court of Errors, of Connecticut, and professor in the Yale Law School, chose as his subject, "Saving and Spending." He said that a single man earning $1.50 a day should lay by 25 cents, a day, and should not get married until he had $100 saved up.

He said there was a general tendency to spend more money than necessary. He declared that lace curtains were too frequent in workingmen's homes. He had traveled abroad considerably and saw no other country where they spend so much on the table or ate so much as in the United States. Nobody ought to eat more than two heavy meals a day, in his judgment.

There is intemperance in eating as well as in drinking, the judge said. He added that the American workingman eats twice as much as the European. The English, French, German and Italian people do not eat nearly as much meat as the Americans, who should eat more fruit.

According to Judge Baldwin, the whole American Nation is spending too much in eating and furnishing the home, and although the Nation is much richer, people are not saving so much in proportion to income as fifty years ago. The people are making too much display, too much dash, and are too extravagant in many ways.

Conservation of Energy.

"You say you never gossip?"

"Never," answered Miss Cayenne. "When I feel disposed to hear my neighbors discussed I merely mention a name and proceed to listen."—Washington Star.

No Cause for Worriment.

Edith—I want to tell you something, Bertha. Mr. Sweetser tells me he loves me.

Bertha—Oh, I wouldn't let that trouble me; Fred always was eccentric.—Boston Transcript.

With Some Emphasis.

As Mr. Rambo came blundering in through his front door he barked his shin against a chair that had been carelessly left in the way.

"Blank dash the blank dashety dashed old trap to blanknation!" he exclaimed.

The noise aroused Mrs. Rambo, who had retired.

"What are you doing, Absalom?" she called out from an upstairs room.

"I'm swearing off, Nanshy," he replied.—Chicago Tribune.

Booming the Place.

"Is this place healthy?"

"Healthy? This air would bring a dead man to life."

"That being so, how do you account for the great array of grave stones up in this country?"

"Them? Oh them's to keep the corpses what's buried there from comin' up and over-populatin' the town."—Harlem Life.

Asthma

"One of my daughters had a terrible case of asthma. We tried almost everything, but without relief. We then tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and three and one-half bottles cured her."—Emma Jane Entsminger, Langsville, O.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral certainly cures many cases of asthma.

And it cures bronchitis, hoarseness, weak lungs, whooping-cough, croup, winter coughs, night coughs, and hard colds.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

There Are 2400

Disorders incident to the human frame, of which a majority are caused or promoted by impure blood.

The remedy is simple.

Take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

That this medicine radically and effectively purifies the blood is known to every druggist, known to hundreds of thousands of people who themselves or by their friends have experienced its curative powers.

The worst cases of scrofula, the most agonizing sufferings from salt rheum and other virulent blood diseases, are conquered by it, while those cured of boils, pimples, dyspeptic and bilious symptoms and that tired feeling are numbered by millions.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Will do you good. Begin to take it today.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE GRANGE.

The executive committee of the State Grange was in session in Harrisburg Thursday night until after midnight and Friday morning gave out a statement in which they call the attention of the Governor and the Secretary of Agriculture to the neglect to use $5,000 of the $35,000 appropriation for the proper representation of the State at the Charleston Exposition in exhibiting the agricultural resources of the Commonwealth.

The Grange commends the efforts of Forestry Commissioner Rothrock and calls Secretary of Agriculture Hamilton to task for ignoring the provision of the law creating the department of agriculture which provides for the discussion of the subject of taxation at the farmers' institutes. The Henry oleo bill is commended and protests are made against the ship subsidy and irrigation bills.

The statement of the Grange in full follows:

"On the question of good roads the committee reaffirms its position advocated at the last session of the Legislature, namely, that the state should collect a special fund for road improvement by taxing all personal and corporate property and distribute the same to the several townships of the state in proportion to the number of miles of public roads in each.

"In this connection we commend to all interested in road improvement the address of the secretary of this committee presented at the Buffalo international good roads congress, and obtainable free from the United States Department of Agriculture, public road inquiries bulletin No. 21.

"The severity of the recent freshets and the immense damage done thereby call forcibly to mind the needs for the preservation of our forests and we recommend that farmers and others plant forest seeds and trees on hillsides and rough and waste lands, which in time would hold the snows and rains from sudden flow and prevent soil from being washed away. In this connection we desire to specially commend the good work done by our forestry commissioner, Dr. J. T. Rothrock. And we would urge upon people generally greater care and assistance in preventing forest fires.

"We respectfully call the attention of the present Secretary of Agriculture to the law creating the department of agriculture wherein provision is made requiring the presentation of the subject of taxation, and regret that he has ignored the request of the State Grange, the State Board of Agriculture and the requirements of the law in refusing to provide for the discussion of the subject of taxation at our farmers' institutes.

"We also call the attention of the Governor and the Secretary of Agriculture to the act of the Legislature appropriating $35,000, of which $5,000 was set aside for a state agricultural exhibit at the Charleston Exposition, and would inquire why this provision of the act has not been carried into effect, thereby showing the agricultural resources of the state. We condemn this negligence and inefficiency as being on a par with the failure of the enforcement of the oleomargarine laws.

"We hereby enter our protest against the expenditure of the $5,000 for any other purpose than that provided for in the act.

"We urge the United States Senators from Pennsylvania to use all honorable means to further the passage of the House measure providing for the election of United States Senators by a direct vote of the people.

"We hereby thank the members of the House of Representatives from Pennsylvania who voted in favor of the Henry oleo bill and urged its passage through the Senate.

"We again enter our protest against the passage of the irrigation and ship subsidy bills.

"We insist that the Grange platform of a tariff for all or a tariff for none, be carried out in the adjustment of our import duties on our new foreign possessions, and a reduction of duty on farm products shall be followed by a corresponding reduction on manufactured products."

A Surprise Party.

Friday morning a jolly crowd of ladies were conveyed by Welliver's four-in-hand to the pleasant home of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Kessler, Danville. Arriving in good time and after a happy greeting and a social time, dinner was announced. It is needless to say the table groaned under the weight of good things which the ladies only know how to prepare on such occasions. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Hughes, Mrs. Cherrington, Mrs. Riddel and son Earl, Mrs. J. D. Thomas, Mrs. J. Cadow, Mrs. H. Giger, Mrs. F. Kreigh, Mrs. T. L. Smith and son Theodore, Mrs. J. Stiner, Mrs. G. Kleckner, Mrs. Anstock, Mrs. J. Welliver, Mrs. C. Yost, Miss Mary Oblosser and Lula Beagle.

As the hour drew near all departed for their homes, hoping to have the pleasure to surprise Mrs. Kessler in some future time again. A cordal invitation was also extended to come again.

A GUEST.

Let Us Be Your Clothier This Spring.

NEW SPRING HATS

NEW SPRING NECKWEAR

Our assortments are large, distinctive and original. We can satisfy you in all the new spring styles. All we ask is that when you are looking for your

SPRING SUIT

pay us a visit, if only to look. We will satisfy you that our styles and prices are right.

Our Merchant Tailoring Department

Is now replete with all the Spring Novelties in Suitings, Trouserings, &c. Our stock is larger than ever and prices lower. Call and inspect

The Spring Styles.

TOWNSEND,
CLOTHIER,
Hatter and Haberdasher.

New-go-carts. New-go-carts.

F. P. PURSEL.

Fresh From Fashion Centers. News that will interest Every Buyer, concerning New Spring Dress Goods. Some very pretty Silks, Stylish Tailor Made Suits. A Big showing of New Shoes for Spring. Newest, Nobbiest Walking Skirts. Season Furniture selling begins.

Dress Goods News.

The new gown stuffs are here. Ready to be talked about, ready to be inspected, ready to be sold. Needless to tell you that in choosing we have chosen just those weaves, just those colorings that fashion dictates, as being Popular. These hints your guidance.

38 inch Albatross in all the new colors for spring. The new spring goods for Waists and Dresses 50c. Vigero will be big sellers for spring. We show all the new colorings for spring. Price 85c and $1.25.

Canadence Cloth 44 in. wide in Blue mode, Tan, Brown, and Black. Price $1.00.

Bright Silk Weaves.

The new Silks this season outvie the products of all previous seasons, in beauty and price. Waists, Skirts, or Gowns, it matters not which. This store shows the wanted thing in Silk at the wanted price.

New Tailored Suits.

The selling of Tailor-made suits, begins early. Hence we are early prepared to show you neat, complete equipment of the very latest fashion.

Ladies' Eton Jackets with yoke, facing in Grey, Black and Brown mixed, $10.50.

Ladies' one Button Cutaway Jacket with silk faced lapels, made of Basket weave, Trimmed Skirt. Price $12.00. Ladies double breasted Jacket with Peplum, made of Basket weave. Price $11.50.

New Spring Shoes.

Another season is here and we have the finest, most varied equipment of shoes this store has ever attempted to show. The best makes in this country are here ready to show you.

$2.00. We show at least 5 different styles, and we guarantee every pair.

$2.50. The American Girl. They are stylish, fit well, you will be pleased if you try a pair.

$3.50. The Patrician shoe if you try a pair, you will not wear any thing but this shoe.

New Walking Skirts.

Walking Skirts are in much demand at all times and seasons. They are in greater demand at the beginning of a season. Price $1.50, 2.50, 2.69, 4.50, 5.50 to 8.50.

Furniture Selling Begins.

If you are figuring on a new piece of Furniture of any sort, bring your figures here and see how closely we can fit you out as to style, quality and price. We've planned to make this big Furniture equipment very useful to our buying public.

Coaches -	$6 75 to $25 00
Fancy Rockers	1 75 to 20 00
White Beds	4 75 to 18 00
Chiffonier	6 00 to 15 00
Bed Room Suits	18 00 to 50 00
Sideboards	10 00 to 35 00
Dining Tables	5 00 to 20 00
Dining Chairs, set,	5 00 to 20 00

Carpet chains, Dinner sets and New Oil Cloth, Linoleum, Bed Springs. New Go-Carts. We have one of the best makes, we show a big assortment, and we sell them at the lowest prices. We invite you to come and see them.

F. P. PURSEL.

Deeds.

A new lot of deeds have just been printed at this office, conforming to the Act of 1901. They are as good as the best, and cheaper than some. Price, 6 cents each, or 5 for 25 cents. Orders filled by mail on receipt of the cash. tf.

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., postoffice, and will be sent to the dead letter office Mar. 25, 1902. Persons calling for these letters will please say "that they were advertised Mar. 11, 1902":

Miss Elsie Doffs, Mrs. Susie Hunter, Mrs. B. F. Keller (2) Mrs. McGilorary, R. W. Taylor. Cards, Mrs. B. F. Keller.

One cent will be charged on each letter advertised.

O. B. MELLICK, P. M.

"MONARCH PATS."

Great Shoes, In Every Leather.

The Patent Leather Shoe That Won't Break Thro'.

Try a pair. We have the exclusive sale.

—o—

W. C. McKINNEY, 8 E. Main St.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, MARCH 13, 1902

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa. a second class matter, March 1, 1888.

Columbia & Montour Electric Railway Company.

TIME TABLE.

Leave Bloomsburg.		Leave Berwick.	
A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
5 00*	12 40	5 52	1 04
5 28	1 28	6 40	1 52
8 16	2 16	7 28	2 40
7 4	3 04	8 16	3 28
7 52	3 52	9 04	4 16
8 40	4 40	9 52	5 04
9 28	5 28	10 40	5 52
10 16	6 16	11 28	6 40
11 04	7 04	12 16	7 28
11 52	7 52		8 16
	9 30		9 04
	10 20†		10 40

*From Power House. Arrive Bloom. 11 52
†For Lime Ridge Only.

On and after January 9, 1902, the first car on Columbia & Montour Electric Railway will leave Power House, instead of Market Square, at 5.00 a. m. The last car for Berwick and points beyond Lime Ridge, leaves Bloomsburg at 9 30 p. m. For Espy, Almedia and Lime Ridge, last car leaves at 10 20 p. m. The last car from Berwick leaves at 10.40 p. m., arriving at Bloomsburg 11.52 p m. D G. HACKETT, Supt.

The N. Y. World—Thrice-a-Week Edition.

The Most Widely Read Newspaper in America.

Time has demonstrated that the *Thrice-a-Week World* stands alone in its class. Other papers have imitated its form but not its success. This is because it tells all the news all the time and tells it impartially, whether that news be political or otherwise. It is, in fact, almost a daily at the price of a weekly and you cannot afford to be without it.

Republican and Democrat alike can read the *Thrice-a-Week World* with absolute confidence in its truth.

In addition to news, it publishes first-class serial stories and other features suited to the home and fireside.

The *Thrice-a-Week World's* regular subscription price is only $1.00 per year and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and THE COLUMBIAN together for $1.70.

The regular subscription price of the two papers is $2.00. tf

Legal advertisements on page 7.

Silk tassels and pencils for programs for sale at this office. tf

The front of J. G. Wells' hardware store has been brightened by a coat of paint.

Jas. C. Brown's appointment as postmaster was approved by the Senate on Friday.

F. R. Carpenter is out again after a protracted illness. We are pleased to note his recovery.

The Bristol House, at Wilkes-Barre, is to be torn down and a large store building erected in its stead.

Governor Stone will in all probability issue a proclamation for a special election to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Congressman Polk. The term expires on March 4th, 1903.

[Both Telephones.]

—o—

NOTICE!

This is the age of expansion, and as we are always up-to-date we have decided to expand. On

March 17 we Move

—TO THE—

PEACOCK BUILDING,

On Market Square, which is now Wells' Hardware Store.

In our enlarged quarters we hope to receive all our old and many new customers in the finest Drug Store in Central Pennsylvania.

—o—

W. S. RISHTON,

Ph. G., Pharmacist.

A son has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Howard R. Jones on Iron Street.

FOR RENT.—Cheap house—7 rooms, heated with steam, on reservoir hill. WM. CHRISMAN.

The Columbia County Agricultural Society officers will meet Saturday afternoon in Secretary A. N. Yost's office.

A new National Bank will be organized in Allentown, this state. H. A. M'Killip and W. D. Beckley of town are the projectors.

Mrs. Ella Summy, a sister of Mrs. F. M Gilmore, is quite ill at her home in Lancaster. In response to a summons Mrs. Gilmore departed on Sunday for that place.

B. F. Armstrong took charge of the Evangelical Church pulpit at both services on Sunday, the pastor Rev. J. W. Bentz, being in attendance at the annual conference at Lock Haven.

George Rice was killed at Shickshinny on Monday and Lloyd and Charles Briggs seriously injured by the breaking of a plane rope at the West End Coal Company's works.

The play that has made all New York and Chicago laugh, and at present the reigning comedy success in London, "Are you a Mason," at the Opera House Tuesday night, next.

Lyman H. Howe's moving pictures will be shown here again next month. He always has something new to offer and the coming exhibition will be no exception to the rule. Particulars later.

Merchant J. R. Townsend has in his window a fine set of pictures, showing the flooded district of Wilkes-Barre in the recent deluge. The views of Academy street and the Sterling Hotel are particularly striking.

J. H. Palmer's "Kaffir Boy Choir," entertainment in the Lutheran Church Tuesday evening, drew a good sized audience. It was a pleasing performance, and far exceeded in interest the ordinary run of entertainments.

Daniel Smith, of Muncy, was last week informed of the sad intelligence that his son Walter was killed in the Island of Samar. According to the letter received Smith was first wounded, then captured, and the Filipinos tiring of carrying him around, shot him with his own rifle.

Samuel W. Mitchell died of pneumonia at his home on Eighth Street Monday morning. He came here with his family from Emmons two years ago. A wife and one son survive. The deceased was about 43 years old. The remains will be taken to Esther Furnace today for interment.

William Bogert of Espy, announces his name as a candidate for county commissioner. He is engaged in the mercantile trade and is a reliable business man. As one of the county auditors he has performed his duties conscientiously and satisfactorily, and he would make an efficient official if elected.

Two cars and a caboose were reduced to a state of absolute worthlessness by a collision between freight trains on the Lackawanna road near Beach Haven on Saturday. One of the locomotives had to be sent to the shop for repairs as a result of the wreck. The cause is laid to improper signals. There was no one hurt.

As has been rumored for some time, William Krickbaum is a candidate for Associate Judge. He has the habit of succeeding in his political movements, as is attested by the fact that he has filled the offices of Commissioners' clerk, Prothonotary, Representative, Commissioner, School director, auditor, &c., and he will no doubt make a strong fight in the coming campaign. So far, no one else has announced for Associate Judge.

Friday is the last of the winter term at the Normal School. The spring term begins Monday March 24th.

The roof of the large pavillion on the Huntington camp ground fell in last week, caused by the weight of snow. The structure will now be enlarged.

The reigning comic opera success "Floradora" is billed for the Nesbit, Wilkes-Barre, Saturday evening. Several of our theatre lovers will take it in.

J. Frank Wilson and family have moved from Millville to the state of Iowa. They left Millville Monday and came to Bloomsburg, remaining here until yesterday.

"'Are you a Mason?' If not, you must join the brotherhood of theatre-goers at Wallack's, where, under the title of 'Are you a Mason?' an adaptation of Laufs and Kratz's 'Logen Bruder' had its first New York performance last night. It went like a breeze. Funny? Really, it was too funny for complete enjoyment. Before you finished laughing at one thing you found yourself splitting your sides over another.' —*New York Herald.*

At the Opera House Tuesday evening March 18th.

According to all accounts sportsmen next fall will find a scarcity of quail. The long hard winter with the two deep snows following each other in quick succession has given the poor birds hardly any chance at all and they have perished by the thousand. Already, before the last snow fell their dead bodies were seen lying among the dead weeds along the fences. No less than twenty thousand, it is estimated, have perished in the Schuylkill Valley and sportsmen there are contemplating a restocking of the valley.

While it is a little early to predict what the fruit yield will be the next season, as there may be several cold snaps between this time and the spring months, yet it is gratifying to know that so far the buds of all fruit trees are promising. The severe winter weather has not as yet damaged them in the least. A well-known peach grower near here states that after making an examination of the buds he learns that cherries, peaches and apples, and in fact all other fruits, will be plentiful next summer, if nothing interferes to check their growth.

The Wilkes-Barre & Western Railroad, extending from Watsontown to Orangeville, sold under foreclosure proceedings, at Philadelphia on Monday. The proceedings were instituted at the instance of the Central Trust Company of New York, trustees of $260.000 first mortgage bonds. Interest on the bonds has been in default since 1895. W. Jay Turner, of Philadelphia, was the purchaser, consideration $75,000. The road is 30 miles in length, and connects with the P. & E. at Watsontown, by ferry with the P. & R. and with the B. & S. at Orangeville.

Under the law application to the Pennsylvania free library commission from twelve taxpayers in any town not having library facilities or in any rural district, will secure for six months the use of a library of fifty volumes, covering history, travel, fiction, useful arts, etc. Thirty-four of these libraries are now in circulation and thirty additional ones are being made ready for early use. Undoubtedly this is a work of large possibilities in educational usefulness. It is a wonder philanthropists like Mr. Carnegie do not try to do more for the small towns and country settlements. They need help most.—*Scranton Tribune.*

The manufacturers of the "Pathfinder" cigar have a novel way of advertising their products. At the noon hour Wednesday, a fantastically dressed man, of towering heighth appeared on the street, with a bugle and attracted everybody's attention by his extraordinary "get up." He was elevated by means of stilts, and his performance was most amusing. In the afternoon he painted a window sign for Harry Wilson, in a free hand manner, and with a deftness that was wonderful. In the evening he appeared in front of the Exchange Hotel, and entertained a good sized crowd, with bugle calls, witty sayings and stunts on the stilts.

TAILOR-MADE SUITS.

N. S. Tingley has accepted the agency for Reinach, Ullman & Co. of Chicago, merchant tailors, and is ready to supply made-to-measure clothing at prices lower than can be obtained elsewhere. He has a large line of samples to select from. His place of business is the third floor of the COLUMBIAN building. 4t.

PURELY PERSONAL

Deputy Sheriff Bruce Black spent Sunday in Sunbury.

John S. Williams went to Syracuse, N.Y., on Tuesday.

Lawrence Tooley visited relatives in Danville over Sunday.

Rev. Adolph Meyer, of Danville, spent last evening in town.

E. B. Tustin and wife went to New York City Monday evening.

L. E. Wharey and wife visited friends in Wilkesbarre this week.

F. B. Hartman transacted business in Wilkesbarre on Monday.

Fred Allen has entered the employ of Pharmacist W. S. Rishton.

A. H. Bloom, cashier of the Farmers National Bank, went to New York yesterday.

Clifton F. Culp has succeeded R. G. Crispin as bookkeeper for the Bloomsburg Car Mfg. Co.

Mrs. J. Lee Harman is visiting her mother at Mt. Vernon. She expects to be absent for some time.

L. S. Whitmoyer has secured a position in Portland, Oregon. He departed for that place yesterday.

Geo. J. Needham of Buffalo, traveling freight agent for the Union Pacific Railroad, was in Bloomsburg yesterday.

Mrs. Alfred McHenry, of Fifth Street, went to Dansville, New York, on Tuesday. She will remain a week or longer.

C. R. Cox, wife and family, left Wednesday morning for Walla Walla, Washington, where they will reside in the future.

Will Bachman came down from Nanticoke on Saturday and spent Sunday with his parents Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Bachman.

Miss Emma Webster returned to her home in Williamsport yesterday. She was the guest of Mrs. G. E. Wilbur for a week.

Miss Caroline Kelley, who has been the guest of Mrs. Carlton Caswell for some time, returned to her home in Lewisburg on Monday.

Miss Edith Miller gave a progressive euchre to a party of fifteen invited guests, at her home on Centre street Tuesday evening.

Miss Amy Ritter was with her parents on East Fifth Street over Sunday. She is a trained nurse in a hospital at New Haven, Conn.

John G. Currin of Selinsgrove, and grandson Rexford Gemberling of Sunbury, were guests of the former's daughter Mrs. H. C. Jones, over Sunday.

Mrs. J J. Kelley, of Lightstreet, took the morning train on the Lackawanna Railroad yesterday for Joliet, Ill., where she will make an extended visit.

W. B. Fritz and E. G. Albertson, of Benton, came down on the B. & S. train Tuesday morning, departed over the Lackawanna Railroad for Mason City, Iowa.

After spending the winter at the residence of Mr and Mrs. Boyd W. Furman on Normal Hill, Miss Elizabeth Phillips has returned to her home on Market Street.

George B. Wright, former manager of the local exchange of the United Telephone and Telegraph Co., now superintendent of this district, with headquarters at Sunbury, was in town Monday.

Daniel Meger, wife and daughter, of Cherokee, Iowa, and John Meger and daughter, of Hastings, Neb., who have been visiting relatives in town for some time past, went to Beach Haven on Saturday to visit Mrs. John Phillips. Mrs. W. W. Black accompanied them.

MORE LIGHT COMING.

The Irondale Electric Light, Heat and Power Co. Organized.

Bloomsburg is to have a new industry in the very near future, the purpose of which will be to furnishing electric light, heat and power to persons, firms and corporations in the town and vicinity. The old Irondale furnace is to be improved with buildings that will meet the requirements of the company, the centre plant, and its appurtenances, water power, etc., having recently been purchased from the Bloomsburg Water Company. Associated with the enterprise are William S. Moyer, J J. Brown, Wm. M. Reber, C. W. Runyon, James C. Brown, N. U. Funk, C. A. Kleim, Grant Herring, C. M. Creveling and H. A. M'Killip. An application for a charter will be made to the Governor on April 7th next. There is some stock left for sale, and an effort will be made to dispose of it all here in town, as soon as possible as the entire capitalization will be required to operate the plant successfully. It is the purpose of the Company to furnish both a day and night current.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH NOTES.

A choir of twenty-one voices is rehearsing the Easter music.

Col. J. G. Freeze delivered the second of a series of lectures on Church History, in the Parish House on Tuesday evening. These talks are highly interesting and instructive, and every member of the congregation should avail themselves of the opportunity. There is no admission fee charged, and everybody is welcome. The lectures are under the auspices of St. Paul's Brotherhood.

Bishop Talbot has appointed Rev. Mr. Welham as a missionary to take charge of Catawissa, Coles Creek and Berwick. He is expected to enter upon his duties this week.

Through the liberality of parishioners electric lamps have been ordered placed over the church and Parish House entrances.

Archdeacon Heakes of Wellsboro preached at last night's service.

Jacob Eberly, aged 72 years died at Riverside Sunday morning, of diseases attendant upon advanced years.

CLARK & SON.

Preparing for Easter.

Last Saturday made one think of spring. We have been thinking and preparing about it for some time. You can now see a portion of our preparations for it in the store. New spring goods are blooming forth from all departments. Styles handsomer than ever. You may want a new gown, skirt, waist, or maybe, want to remodel one. You can select from this stock now and know it's the correct styles and the right articles.

Dress Materials.

They're here, they're right, and they're lowly priced for good qualities. See them.

50c for all wool cheviots.
75c for all wool cheviots.
$1 00 for all wool Broadcloths.
50c for all wool Albatros.

Kai Ki Silks.

Yes, they're here, ready for you, in handsome, striped, corded effects, in choice colorings, suitable for children's dresses, shirt waists, &c. They don't cost much. See them.

Turn-Over Collars.

A new line of these dainty collars, with lace and embroidery. You should see them.

Ribbons.

It's ribbons on this and that. It's a ribbon season, for ties, bows, sashes and trimmings. They're here, for all purposes, in the standard and fancy effects. The new ribbon, "Gros De Venis." See it.

Laces, Laces.

Never before has there been a season when laces will be used as this season. It's laces on everything. Laces of all kinds, from the finest to the heaviest. We have all the wanted kinds. Our assortment was never so large, nor prices so little.

Wash Goods.

Handsome new styles, fine cloths, choice colorings, in Batiste, Dimities, Galatea Cloths, Percales, Madras, &c.
Dress Ginghams, 8c a yd.
White Madras, 15c a yd.
Seersuckers, all styles.
Fine Dress Gingham, 12c a yard.

Special Table Linens.

All linen, half bleached, good width, choice patterns. This lot at 50c yd. Don't wait if you wish to share in them.

Counterpanes.

Two grades, below value, one at 97c each, sold by many at $1 25, the other at $1.10 each, worth $1.50.

H. J. CLARK & SON.

SHOES OF ALL KINDS,

except inferior shoes, can be found here. We offer honest material whether it be calf or kid, and made up in an honest manner, into stylish and durable footwear, for men, women and children.

Any and every new shape or style that is worthy of consideration will be found in our stock. Our ladies' shoes, at $2.00, have had a remarkable sale. Their merits have won friends everywhere. Another good shoe is Colonial Dame, at $2.50.

F. D. DENTLER.

TALK NO. 12.

Distance.

There are some people who can read and sew for almost any length of time without becoming tired. They do not have headache or any of the usual symptoms of eye strain. But there distance vision is not good They find it difficult to read signs distinctly or to recognize people when they meet. This is a defective condition and should receive professional attention without delay. While there seems to be no symptoms of overwork, the eyes are really upon a strain almost constantly. They are not in perfect focus and are compelled to make an extra effort at all times. This effort will eventually injure the eyes and the symptoms and irritation will appear when it is too late. If you find that you do not see at a distance as well as you ought to, I want to see you. I want you to tell me all about your eyes. I will show you glasses that will make your vision clear and will advise you how to care for and preserve your sight. I do not charge for consultation.

Geo. W. Hess,

OPTICIAN AND JEWELER, BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

You Can Buy

Regular size 25 cent bottle of the best Silver Polish made for 19 cents. Only for a few days until stock is reduced.

J. LEE MARTIN,

Jeweler and Optician. Telephone 1842.

Lecture.

Dr. R. H. Gilbert, of Berwick, will deliver his lecture on "Brains, Plus or Minus," in the M. E. Church at Lime Ridge, Saturday evening, March 15th. The Epworth League will also serve ice cream and cake at the close of the lecture. Admission, 20 and 10c.

Notes.

Four different forms of notes have just been printed at this office. They are, a common promissory note, promissory with waivers, judgment, and judgment with waivers. Neatly bound in books of twenty-five, 10 cents. tf.

All Ready For Baby,

The young mother thinks, when she has completed the baby garments that are to clothe the little form. But she is not all ready for baby's coming, unless she has done something more for the baby than merely to prepare his clothes. Many a young mother who goes through hours of pain and suffering wonders why it was not possible to prepare in some way for the baby's advent, and to avoid the agony that seemed almost unendurable. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the one medicine for women which prepares them perfectly, both for the burdens and pleasures of maternity. It prevents the morning sickness from which so many women suffer. It strengthens the whole body, so that there is no nervousness nor anxiety. It promotes a healthy appetite and causes refreshing sleep. It gives the mother strength for her trial and makes the baby's advent practically painless. Healthy mothers have healthy children, and it is the general testimony of those who have used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription as a preparative for motherhood, that the children were healthier and happier than those born after months of mental misery and physical anguish on the part of the prospective mother.

Sick and ailing women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter absolutely without fee or charge. As chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., Dr. R. V. Pierce, assisted by his staff of nearly a score of physicians, has in the past thirty years and over treated and cured more than half a million sick and suffering women. The testimonials of these cured women are on record. A large number of them were cured when doctors had pronounced a cure impossible and after enduring years of useless suffering.

Let no sick women hesitate to take advantage of Dr. Pierce's offer, but write at once and so secure the professional counsel of a specialist in the diseases of women, entirely *free*. All correspondence strictly private and sacredly confidential. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Hoped for Death.

"For the sake of poor suffering women, I feel it my duty to inform you of the great benefit your medicine has given me," writes Mrs. Callie Bowles, of Watts, Iredell Co., N. C. "I was in a most miserable condition when I wrote to you. I had uterine disease so bad I could scarcely walk and suffered such dreadful misery I hoped to be relieved by death. You wrote to me to take your 'Favorite Prescription' and I have taken eleven bottles of it, and two of your 'Pleasant Pellets.' I am entirely well and feel like a new woman. I feel thankful to God and to Dr. Pierce for the blessings I now enjoy. I have a fine big boy, two months old and never got along as well in my life. I can't praise your medicines enough."

Very Thankful.

"I will be very glad to say a few words for Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription," writes Mrs. P. S. Douglas, of Mansonville, Brome Co., Quebec. "During the first four months when I looked forward to becoming a mother I suffered very much from nausea and vomiting and I felt so terrible sick I could scarcely eat or drink anything. I hated all kinds of food. At this time I wrote to Dr. Pierce and he told me to get his 'Favorite Prescription' and a bottle of 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I got a bottle of each and when I had taken them a few days, I felt much better, and when I had taken hardly three parts of each bottle I felt well and could eat as well as any one, and could do my work without any trouble, (I could not do any thing before). I feel very thankful to Dr. Pierce for his medicine and I tell all who tell me they are sick to get these medicines or write to Dr. Pierce."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send 21 one-cent stamps for book in paper cover, or 31 stamps in cloth binding.

NOW LOOK OUT!

"Take care of yourself," say our friends. "I'll try to," we answer. We do take a little care, yet in spite of warm clothes, rubbers and mackintoshes, an army of people were bowled out by pneumonia and other lung and chest diseases last winter. They caught cold, neglected it, let it fix upon them, were torn by coughs, choked by inflammations and congestions, wasted by fever, tired out by pain and then gave up the fight. The hour you realize that you have a cold on the chest, place a Benson's Porous Plaster where the pain or oppression is felt. If you think two are needed make it two. No harm if you were covered with them. They act quickly and prevent the engorgment of blood in the organs. In this way—with ordinary caution as to exposure—you will break up the cold and avoid a serious sickness. No other applications, or any other form of treatment, will accomplish this as certainly and speedily. Benson's Plasters have a distinct and positive action and are curative to the highest degree. Use them with the same confidence for coughs, muscular rheumatism, the grip (back and chest) and all similar ailments. Women, who are chief sufferers from cold weather complaints, should keep these plasters always within reach. Get the genuine. All druggists, or we will prepay postage on any number ordered in the United States on receipt of 25c. each. Seabury & Johnson, Mfg. Chemists, N.Y.

Equalizing Things.

Harkins—A woman always takes off a few years when she gives her age.

Barker—That may be; but she makes up for it by adding a few years when she gives the age of her friend.—Boston Transcript.

Odorous Comparison.

He—You can never tell how much life there is in a man until he gets warmed up.

She—Same way with cheese.—Yonkers Statesman.

On Him.

Husband—How long is it since I've been to church?

Wife—Do you mean to say you've forgotten our wedding day?—Brooklyn Life.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Notable Events of the Week Briefly and Tersely Told.

France has decided to have a large exhibit at the St. Louis fair.

Governor Taft was reported as doing well after an operation in Cincinnati.

More earthquake shocks have occurred at Shamaka, in Russian Transcaucasia.

The Chinese government has protested against the re-enactment by the United States of the exclusion law.

Tuesday, March 11.

Anxiety is still felt for Cecil Rhodes by his physicians.

A woman and her nine children were burned to death at Matane, Que.

The Eliza Davison House at Vassar, the gift of John D. Rockefeller, was opened.

Federal officials at Knoxville, Tenn., were accused of violating the civil service law.

The sons of Damad Mahmud Pasha, the sultan's brother-in-law, were sentenced by default to life imprisonment.

The E. I. Dupont de Nemours & Co.'s powder plant, five miles west of Keokuk, Ia., was badly damaged by an explosion. Two men were killed outright, and a third will die.

Monday, March 10.

An outbreak of cholera was announced from Mecca.

Sealing crews numbering about 3,000 men are on a strike at St. John's, N. F.

Forty-two of the large wholesale dealers in paper in New York city have formed an organization.

Colonel W. F. Cody, "Buffalo Bill," is getting together a company of 5,000 Swedes whom he will take to Big Horn valley, in Wyoming, as colonists.

A three story frame house was moved from Greenwood to Benmums, in Delaware, twenty miles, while the family remained in the building.

Mrs. Mary Johnson of Louisville, Ky., has just been married for the sixth time. Two of her husbands are dead, two more divorced and another is in prison for bigamy.

Saturday, March 8.

Fire at Hudson, N. Y., caused a loss of $20,000.

The French senate passed the ship bounty bill.

King Edward laid the foundation for the new Royal Naval college at Dartmouth.

The court of appeals upheld the indictment against Police Captain Herlihy of the New York force.

A New York aquarium turtle awoke and ate a fish breakfast after sleeping foodless for thirteen months.

The Rev. Dr. Joseph Parker rebuked King Edward for brewing beer and violating the English Sunday.

Friday, March 7.

Four steamers were fast in the ice in Newburg bay.

Two fishing schooners were wrecked on the New Hampshire coast. No lives were lost.

The steamer Alexandria, Hamburg-American line, is to convoy the kaiser's new yacht to Hamburg.

Osman Pasha has been condemned to death. It is said the sentence will be commuted to life imprisonment.

The Metropolitan Street Railway company of New York has announced a system of pensions for superannuated employees.

The American liner Waesland collided with the British steamship Harmonides and sank off Holyhead, Wales. Two lives were lost.

One thousand men and boys went on strike at the Natalie colliery, operated by the Shamokin (Pa.) Coal company, because of the bimonthly payment law not being strictly observed.

Thursday, March 6.

Leonard Lewisohn, the "copper king," died in London of pneumonia.

General Robert H. Carr, who helped to capture John Brown, died in Baltimore.

An attempt at revolution in Servia has failed, and the leader has been killed.

The barge Cardenas, lost in a storm last month, has arrived at Newport News, Va.

A congress of French miners has decided upon a general strike for an eight hour day.

The vault of the First National bank of Montgomery, Ind., was blown open and robbed of $10,000.

Blasphemer Stricken Dumb.

BALTIMORE, March 12.—John Kelly, forty-four years old, according to a statement made by his wife and supplemented by a statement written on a sheet of paper by himself and presented to Justice White of the Northern district police station in this city, was suddenly stricken dumb while cursing and blaspheming. The prisoner, when brought before the justice, laboriously made all his statements in writing. Mrs. Kelly told Lieutenant Dempsey that in the midst of his cursing and blasphemy her husband suddenly choked and trembled all over as though he had a chill. Then he tried to speak, but could only choke and groan.

Baptized In the Jordan.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., March 10.—Word has reached here that Cornelius Van Ness, the octogenarian millionaire of Port Jervis, formerly of New York, has been baptized in the Jordan river by the Rev. William K. Hall of Newburg, N. Y. Mr. and Mrs. Van Ness sailed on the steamer Celtic for a trip to the orient, his desire being to gratify an ambition of years to be baptized in the Jordan.

Danish Island Sale Ratified.

COPENHAGEN, March 12.—In committee of the whole and in executive session the folkething voted by a large majority in favor of the ratification of the treaty providing for the sale of the Danish West Indian islands to the United States.

WHAT THEY SAY

Extracts From Various Sources, Indicating Democratic Opinion Regarding Questions of the Day.

There are times when such a subject as the tariff cannot be boxed and put away, with orders to everybody to keep hands off. The time is past when that sort of policy is carried out simply by issuing orders to that effect.—Boston Record.

"We favor an immediate declaration of the nation's purpose to give the Filipinos, first, a staple form of government; second, independence, and, third, protection from outside interference, such as has been given for nearly a century to the republics of Central and South America."—Kansas City Platform.

The Democrats of New York had an able and stainless candidate for mayor, yet he was defeated because he was held responsible for Tammany's sins. The Republicans of Philadelphia, on the contrary, stood by and elected Quay's ticket, composed of his known tools and satellites, in the face of such exposures of official villainy as would have paralyzed any other community on earth pretending to be civilized. It would thus appear that the premium on rascality in the Republican party is as great as the discount on it in the Democratic party.—Indianapolis Sentinel.

Every American soldier who dies or gets killed in the Philippine contest dies a martyr to the greed and avarice of commercial Republicanism in this country. The boys in the field are loyal, true, faithful and patriotic, but the star chamber proceedings of the Republican speculators that induced, or rather commanded, the lamented McKinley to get this country in its present pitiable plight, if examined into with the calcium light of truth and righteousness, would blanche the cheek of every American citizen with shame. No wonder a national Republican convention would hiss out a resolution expressing sympathy with the struggling Boer republic.—Ramsey (Ill.) News-Journal.

A Republican paper points to the fact that Mr. Bryan is building a house (not so expensive as the Republican paper reports, but still a good house) as evidence that he is getting "his share of Republican prosperity." It may be interesting for the Republicans to know that the house is being built from the proceeds of the "First Battle," which was published immediately after the election of 1896, and before the Republicans began to boast of prosperity. Republican policies have not benefited Mr. Bryan except in the sense that a physician is indebted to sickness for his income. Republican policies furnish Mr. Bryan texts for editorials and speeches.—Bryan's Commoner.

One hundred and twenty-five years after the Declaration of Independence was made by the thirteen colonies against Great Britain and denying the right of Great Britain to tax the colonies without giving them representation, we find the same colonies, now a great power, enforcing the same doctrine upon the Porto Ricans and Philippines as the British government attempted to fasten upon the colonies one hundred and twenty-five years ago. The taxing without representation did not succeed then, neither will it now. A greater outrage has never been attempted by the American people, and the party which is responsible for such an outrage will yet have to answer for it to the liberty-loving people of this country.—Blossburg Advertiser.

The depths of national infamy are sounded by the order of General Bell applying Weyler's policy of reconcentration in all its details to the Filipinos of Batangas province. Nothing in the history of modern warfare exceeds the ferocity of General Bell's instructions to American officers to "make the people want peace, and want it badly," supplemented by specific orders to regard the insurgents as "outside the pale of civilized warfare." Four years ago the American people were in a blaze of righteous wrath against the Spaniards for their ferocious treatment of the Cuban insurgents, and they are even now stirred to indignation by the reports from the British camps in South Africa. That they tolerate with placid indifference the imitation of Weylerism by American soldiers in the Philippines is almost incredible, but it is a deplorable fact.—North American (Rep.).

Congressman Hill, of Connecticut, who visited the Philippines last summer, has a poor idea of them as a "stepping-stone" to the Chinese trade. He says that a foreign nation acquiring the Bahama Islands would be as wise in thinking it had got an entrepot to New York and Philadelphia as we are in imagining that Manila gives us an entrepot to China. This will be a sad blow to Senator Beveridge. Foreign trade, in his mind, depends upon having a whole series of stepping-stones across the ocean. His picture of American goods hop-skip-and-jumping over the Pacific—one leap to Hawaii, another to Guam, thence to Manila, and from there right to Hong Kong—was a beautiful work of the imagination, and it seems a pity to have it shattered. Mr. Hill, has, however, a good many prosaic facts to adduce. He observes, for instance, that, in some cases, "the cost of freighting from Manila to the Chinese cities is greater than from our own coast to the same points." In short, he applies a good deal of hard Yankee sense to the questions whether our Philippine investment has paid, or is ever likely to pay, and answers them both with a plump negative. — New York Post (Rep.).

SICK, WEAK, AILING WIFE

Dr. Greene's Nervura is the Remedy Sure to Make Her Well.

The man who has a sick wife has a great burden upon him, but his burden is light compared to that of his sick wife. She may not be sick abed, but she is ailing all the time; she is weak, nervous, irritable, and tired out. She is sleepless nights and wakes mornings feeling tired, without energy or ambition, discouraged, dragged out, and indescribably miserable. Her head aches, her back aches, she cannot eat, is constipated, melancholy, and so nervous at times that she feels as if she should fly. She feels just good for nothing and is tired all the time.

How quickly will the weight of her burden of disease be lifted if she will use that greatest boon to womankind, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy! How quickly it will relieve her weakness, her nervousness, her pains and aches, her hopeless depression of mind and heart, and how speedily it will restore her strength, renew her vitality, vigor, energy, power, and the pulsing life which means happiness for women! Dr. Greene's Nervura is indeed a blessing for weak, nervous, and despairing women, for its use means to them health, strength, hope, happiness, and life itself!

Mrs. James Roake, a well-known lady living at 145 Washington Street, Peckskill, N. Y., says:

"About fifteen years ago I was taken very sick. After seven months I got over that, but have never been well since. I have suffered terribly with pains in the chest, back, kidneys, and head. There was a disagreeable feeling in the eyes and I would be very sick in the morning. My mind was always gloomy and I felt very low-spirited. I had terrible numb spells, and would have to be rubbed some time before I could get around. Some of these numb spells were so severe my friends thought I would not recover from them.

"I tried doctors and medicines, but got no better. Finally I began the use of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, as my husband had been most miraculously cured by it. After using it a short time there was a most wonderful improvement.

"I continued to steadily gain in every respect until I was cured of all these terrible ailings. This wonderful medicine had now cured my husband and myself of the most fearful suffering, but this was not all. I now want to tell about my little girl.

"She has never been well since she was born. No doctors have known just what ailed her. She was out of her mind most of the time and had constant pain in her side. She has had spasms continually, from six to seven a month.

"She is the smallest child for her age that can be found. All medicines could do nothing for her until I gave her Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and then she was cured in a short time. I cannot say enough in praise of this wonderful medicine, it has done so much for me and my family. I heartily advise everybody to take it."

Do not fail to try this wonderful Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. You should specially take it now, for everybody needs at this season this grandest of spring medicines. People have more confidence in it than in any and all other remedies, because it is the prescription of a famous regular physician and therefore perfectly adapted to cure, and because Dr. Greene, 101 Fifth Avenue, New York City, can be consulted at any time free of charge in regard to any case, whether you call or write.

Not Resentful.

"Don't you resent these cheap jests about the mercenary methods of some politicians?"

"Not a bit," answered Senator Sorghum; "not a bit. So long as people are laughing they are all right. It's when they begin to take the thing seriously that I shall get worried."—Washington Star.

Jealous, Perhaps.

Mr. Snappe—I saw Peckman to-day and he was very drunk.

Mrs. Snappe—Well, there's some excuse for him. He lost his wife last week.

Mr. Snappe—I know, but a man ought to be able to celebrate without making a hog of himself.—Philadelphia Press.

Prospect of Relief.

"Why, I couldn't begin to tell you half the things she has said about you," quoth Mrs. Selldom-Holme, pausing at last for breath.

"I'm so glad!" exclaimed Mrs. Nexdore, with a joyful little gasp.—Chicago Tribune.

LIFE GUARDS.—The Life Guards are two regiments of cavalry forming part of the British household troops. They are gallant soldiers, and every loyal British heart is proud of them. Not only the King's household, but yours, ours, everybody's should have its life guards. The need of them is especially great when the greatest foes of life, diseases, find allies in the very elements, as colds, influenza, catarrh, the grip and pneumonia do in the stormy month of March. The best way that we know of to guard against these diseases is to strengthen the system with Hood's Sarsaparilla—the greatest of all life guards. It removes the conditions in which these diseases make their most successful attack, gives vigor and tone to all the vital organs and functions, and imparts a genial warmth to the blood. Remember the weaker the system the greater the exposure to disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes the system strong.

The artist's model should always be in good shape for work.

CONVINCE YOURSELF that Ely's Cream Balm deserves all that has been said of it as a means of quick relief and final cure in obstinate cases of nasal catarrh and hay fever. A trial size costs but ten cents. Full size, 50 cents. Sold by druggists or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.

Mt. Olive, Ark., May 17, 1901.

MESSRS. ELY BROS.:—Please send me one bottle of Cream Balm, family size. I think it is the best medicine for catarrh in the world. Very respectfully, J. M. SCHOLTZ.

Some people are so fond of talking that they don't know the difference between conversation and a monologue.

PURE REFINED PARAFFINE
Don't tie the top of your jelly and preserve jars in the old fashioned way. Seal them by the new, quick, absolutely sure way—by a thin coating of Pure Refined Paraffine. Has no taste or odor. Is air tight and mold proof. Easily applied. Useful in a dozen other ways about the house. Full directions with each cake.
Sold everywhere. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS

A. A. CURES } FEVERS, Congestions, Inflammations, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
B. B. CURES } SPRAINS, Lameness, Injuries, Rheumatism.
C. C. CURES } SORE THROAT, Quinsy, Epizootic, Distemper.
D. D. CURES } WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. CURES } COUGHS, Colds, Influenza, Inflamed Lungs, Pleuro-Pneumonia.
F. F. CURES } COLIC, Bellyache, Wind-Blown, Diarrhea, Dysentery.
G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES } KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES } SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions, Ulcers, Grease, Farcy.
J. K. CURES } BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat, Indigestion, Stomach Staggers.

60c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York. VETERINARY MANUAL SENT FREE.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, VITAL WEAKNESS

and Prostration from Overwork or other causes.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy.

$1 per vial, or special package with powder, for $5 Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., Cor. William & John Sts., New York

March came in like a lamb, but there is such a thing as a wolf in sheep's clothing.

ONE SHORT PUFF CLEARS THE HEAD.—Does your head ache? Have you pains over your eyes? Is the breath offensive? These are certain symptoms of Catarrh. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder will cure most stubborn cases in a marvellously short time. If you've had Catarrh a week it's a sure cure. If it's of fifty years' standing it's just as effective. 50 cents.—29.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

THE HOMELIEST MAN IN BLOOMSBURG, as well as the handsomest, and others are invited to call on any druggist and get free a trial bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, a remedy that is guaranteed to cure and relieve all chronic and acute coughs, asthma, bronchitis and consumption. Price, 25 and 50c. 3 13d4t

Some people make mountains out of mole hills, and others just make a bluff.

FOSSIL PILLS.—The demand is proof of their worth. Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are beating out many fossil formulas at a quarter a box. They're better medicine, easier doses, and 10 cents a vial. A thousand ailments may arise from a disordered liver. Keep the liver right and you'll not have Sick Headache, Biliousness, Nausea, Constipation and Sallow Skin. 100 pills in 25 ct. size.—31.

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

Bad habits are as sticky as porous plasters.

TO MOTHERS IN THIS TOWN.—Children who are delicate, feverish and cross will get immediate relief from Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children. They cleanse the stomach, act on the liver, making a sickly child strong and healthy. A certain cure for worms. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Sample free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Leroy, N. Y. 2 27d4t

Few girls would rather eat onions than be kissed.

LIKE TEARING THE HEART STRINGS.—"It is not within the conception of man to measure my great sufferings from heart disease. For years I endured almost constant cutting and tearing pains about my heart, and many a time would have welcomed death. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart has worked a veritable miracle."—Thos. Hicks, Perth, Ont.—30

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

It is better to have a good ear for music than a bad voice for it.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

EAST BENTON.

Operations are suspended at the Pine Creek Oil Co.'s works, above Register, for the present. Owing to much bad luck in breakage and other hindrances by floods, storms, &c., operations will not be resumed until all proper repairs are consummated. Meanwhile faith in coal oil is not abating.

The streams on both sides of us were rampant during the great flood, but we were too securely bound to terra firma to be moved by the mad torrents. The blizzard of last Wednesday and Tnursday sifted snow into every crevice and our carrier could not make his rounds on those days. The elements are like colts. When tranquil and placid they are docile and easily managed, but when frightened and excited they are dangerous and uncontrollable, and when running away the ravages and damages are beyond computation.

The condition of the roads is reduced to the point to which there is neither sleighing nor wagoning. In spots the roads are muddy and in other spots full of snow drifted.

Evidently an early spring is forthcoming from the realms of a long winter.

Our rural carriers will have a siege of tough roads while they are breaking up. A daily twenty-mile trip will soon tell on horse flesh.

Willie Ashelman is putting up a new barn this summer.

The report that J. M. Lauderbach, of Wilkes-Barre, was drowned during the recent flood was contradicted last Sunday. He formerly lived at Bendertown.

Charged With Attempt to Kill.

Physician and Farmer Said to Have Shot at Woman in Her Home Through a Window.

Dr. Charles W. Fisher and William Singmaster, residents of Lavelle, a farming town, near Ashland, were arrested Friday and placed under heavy bonds to answer at court to a charge of attempted murder preferred by Stephen Heivert, who alleges that the defendants attempted to assassinate him and his wife last Wednesday evening.

The principal witness against the defendants was Heivert. It is said that bad blood has existed between himself and Dr. Fisher for some months past. They are neighbors. On Wednesday evening, as Fisher and Singmaster were passing Heivert's home, it is alleged that one of them drew a revolver and fired through the window at Mrs. Heivert, who was sitting at a table reading. The bullet grazed her head, and she dropped over on the floor in a faint.

Her husband, thinking she was dead, ran out and saw Fisher and Singmaster passing the house. He accused them of killing his wife, when Singmaster turned and fired two shots at him. He claims that Dr. Fisher also fired at him twice, but he was not hit.

Heivert hurried into the house and found that his wife had revived. She has since been in a highly nervous and hysterical condition. The bullet that so nearly cost her her life was found imbedded in the framework of the door on the opposite side of the room from which it entered.

Neither Fisher nor Singmaster denied the shooting. Singmaster said that it was Fisher who fired the shot through the window. Fisher said that he fired at a dog and the bullet glanced through the window.

Dr. Fisher is a physician engaged by the borough of Ashland, and had charge of the small pox hospital maintained there during the past summer.

He Wanted to Die.

Numerous reverses and ill health combined to reduce the spirits of William Umstead of Washingtonville to such an extent that he decided to kill himself on Friday. Unbeknown to any one he entered the office of Dr Hoffa who resides near by and securing some tablets of what he supposed was morphine, he dissolved them in water and administered the dose hypodermically. It was discovered that the tablets were cocaine and sufficient to kill a dozen men. By heroic measures the physicians saved his life. Still undaunted in his determination to end it all, he slashed his wrist in an attempt to sever an arter. He was placed under guard Friday night and on Saturday he was committed to the Hospital for the Insane at Danville.

Spring will no doubt see a big rush to the gold fields. Millionaires have been made in a single day as the result of some recent big find. From a claim that was about to be abandoned, one man took out $150,000 in eight hours. Many other rich discoveries have been made.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

CUBAN RECIPROCITY

House Republicans Hold Prolonged Caucus.

MANY SPEECHES FOR AND AGAINST.

Exhaustive Argument by Long of Kansas In Favor of a Twenty Per Cent Concession—Strong Opposition Is Developed.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—About 130 members were present at the fourth conference of house Republicans called to consider the question of Cuban reciprocity. Speaker Henderson and the leaders on both sides of the controversy were in attendance. Representative Cannon (Ill.) presided, and an arrangement was made for a division of the time between the advocates and opponents of reciprocity. Representative Long (Kan.), a member of the ways and means committee, opened with an exhaustive argument in favor of the 20 per cent concession advocated by his colleagues of the ways and means committee.

He argued that the maintenance of a protective tariff was not involved in the proposition of the ways and means committee, but that the policy of reciprocity was. "The defeat of this bill," said he, "means that the Republican party has refused to follow the leadership of Blaine, of McKinley and of Roosevelt, and it would mean that reciprocity was no longer a part of the Republican faith."

He pointed out that the Republican platform of 1896 referred to the repeal of the reciprocity agreements under the McKinley law as a national calamity and demanded their renewal and extension. The original section of the Dingley bill authorizing reciprocity agreements he recalled, named sugar as one of the articles on which the president was authorized to reduce the duties, but the section was changed in the senate and sugar was stricken out.

This was not charity. It was a good bargain. Mr. Long contended that in addition to self interest there was a moral obligation upon the United States to grant concessions. He declared that when the commission from Cuba was prevailed upon to accept the Platt amendment President McKinley assured them that in consideration of its acceptance he would do all in his power to secure economic concessions and said that the commission so reported to the Cuban convention. In conclusion Mr. Long said:

"If this legislation fail and no concession be made to Cuba, if the policy of President McKinley and President Roosevelt be defeated by this house, it does not mean that the beet sugar industry, by the control of this house, can prevent free sugar from Cuba. After the establishment of the republic of Cuba a treaty can provide for the annexation of Cuba, as the recent treaty did for the annexation of the Danish West Indies, and that treaty can be submitted to the senate and ratified. Annexation will come in the not far distant future, but when it does come I want it to come by the free act of the Cuban people, and when they come permanently under our flag I do not want them to feel they were the victims of forcible annexation, which President McKinley characterized as 'criminal aggression.'"

When Mr. Long finished speaking, Mr. Tayler (O.) presented a protest against the plan of the ways and means committee. The protest was drafted at the conference which the Republicans opposed to reciprocity held Sunday night. It was in the nature of a manifesto setting out the grounds on which their opposition was based, being largely an amplification of the contention that a reduction of the duty on Cuban reciprocity involved a relaxation of the protective principle.

Mr. William Alden Smith (Mich.) made a rousing speech of over an hour against reciprocity, eliciting frequent applause from his supporters. While announcing great admiration for the president, he insisted that there should be no executive interference with the legislative branch of the government. He also assailed the organization of the house for leading the party into disaster and declared amid tumultuous applause that he would decline to follow blindly when the leaders blundered.

He was followed by Mr. Cannon (Ill.).

At 11:40 Speaker Henderson moved an adjournment until next Tuesday, and Littlefield (Me.) moved to amend and strike out "Tuesday," which would have caused a sine die adjournment, but his amendment was lost by a vote of 61 to 79. Mr. Henderson's motion was then carried by a vote of 72 to 54.

Rural Delivery Bill Passed.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—The bill to classify the rural free delivery service and place the carriers under the contract system, which had been debated in the house for over a week, was passed yesterday, but in a form that completely changed the purpose for which it was framed. Before it was passed the bill was altered radically by its opponents. All the provisions relating to the placing of carriers under the contract system were stricken out, and the salary system not only was continued, but the maximum salary of carriers was increased from $500 to $600 per annum.

Sealers' Strike Ended.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., March 12.—The sealers' strike here is ended, and the sealing steamers have sailed for the ice floes. The terms of settlement are that the men shall get $3.50 as against $3.25 last year per hundredweight for seals. They also get free berths as against the former charge of $3 each. Governor Boyle was largely instrumental in effecting the settlement.

DEMOCRATIC REPRESENTATION

The Meaning of the Rule Followed By Chairman Creasy In Determining Number of Delegates.

Harrisburg Star-Independent.

Whatever else the Philadelphia Democrats may justly claim, their demand for 60 seats in the next state convention is absurd. Anybody with an ounce of brains knows that the representation must be based either on the combined vote cast for Yerkes and Coray on all tickets upon which their names appeared, or else the vote cast for them as the Democratic candidates in the Democratic column. There might be a possibility of justifying an interpretation of the law in favor of taking the combined vote, but there is no ground whatever for claiming 60 delegates.

The language of the rule is clear and unequivocal. "The representation in Democratic state conventions shall consist of representative delegates, one for each 1,000, or a majority fraction of 1,000, of the average vote cast for the Democratic candidates for state office at the last preceding state election in the respective representative districts of the state; provided, that each representative district shall have at least one delegate." If the language was less clear there might be an excuse for differences of opinion. If, for example, it read "one for each 1,000, or majority fraction of 1,000 votes cast for the candidates nominated by the Democratic party," there would be room for doubt. But it is plainly "the Democratic candidates," impersonal, and the Democratic candidates are those in the Democratic column on the ticket.

Besides, the intent of those who made the rule in question, was that it should produce the precise results that have followed. That is, it was observed that once in four years the Democrats of Philadelphia humped themselves, so to speak, and got out a fairly full vote in order to get big representation in the state conventions. During the intervening years they didn't care whether the vote came or not, the representation having been fixed for a time on a basis that secured them dominance in the convention. The rule was presented for the purpose of preventing such a manifest injustice, and the fact was distinctly stated while the measure was pending in the state central committee. It was pointed out that it held out a reward for energy and fidelity and imposed a penalty for treachery and lethargy, and for that reason it was adopted.

The lawyer upon whose opinion the decision of Chairman Creasy is predicted is known throughout the state and at the bar of the supreme court of the United States as among the most distinguished and capable lawyers in the United States. A Philadelphia lawyer is quoted in one of the papers of that city this morning as saying that the lawyer in question was probably not broad-minded enough to correctly interpret the rule. If the two names were mentioned together the Philadelphia lawyer would "get the laugh."

WHAT THEY SAY

Extracts From Various Sources, Indicating Democratic Opinion Regarding Questions of the Day.

We pay at the rate of about $70,000,000 a year for the little more than $5,000,000 a year of Philippine trade we get, while European nations pay nothing for the more than $48,000,000 a year they get. These figures do their own talking.—English (Ind.) Democrat.

Even Republicans who opposed the free coinage of silver on the grounds that it would give us too much money are now willing to concede that by increasing the volume of money in the past five years nearly six hundred millions dollars, the country is experiencing much better times. And strange to say the fifty-cent dollar does not scare the people.—Boulder (Col.) Representative.

Colonel James M. Guffey, member of the national Democratic committee for Pennsylvania, has no choice among the several fit and available gentlemen who are recognized as party leaders, for the nomination of his party for governor, according to an esteemed Philadelphia contemporary. To borrow the exact and appropriate language of our esteemed contemporary, "all Democrats look alike," to Colonel Guffey. The meaning of that is that Colonel Guffey believes in the intelligence and integrity of the people, and that a free people is an unbossed people.

There are less influential people in the Democratic party of Pennsylvania who take a different view of the question, however. Every now and then we hear of a proposed conference in Washington, or Philadelphia, or this town, or somewhere else, of alleged Democratic leaders, for the purpose of selecting a candidate for governor. They feel that the wisdom of the party is all centered in them, and they cast aside this man and put that one forward with as much freedom as if they owned the party and the voters were their vassals. It would be amusing if it wasn't serious.

Colonel Guffey's attitude is infinitely the better and fitter. The Democrats of Pennsylvania will not endure bossism. They believe in the liberty of speech, conscience and action. They are well informed, both with respect to measures and men and will select their own candidate for governor. Colonel Guffey has a right to his preference among the available gentlemen as every other man has. But the representatives of the party of all sections of the state in convention assembled will make the nomination. Colonel Guffey is setting a good example.—Harrisburg Star-Independent.

APT IN OPTICAL WORK.

Women Are Said to Have a Peculiar Faculty for Conserving the Eyesight.

One of the professions that seem admirably suited to women is that of the optician, and many have entered that field of endeavor and are winning success purely on the ground of merit. Not only are these women proving their adaptability for the work, but they are making it remunerative as well. In these days when even babies are put into glasses and when each successive generation finds eye troubles more prevalent, it is plain to be seen that the demand for good opticians as well as oculists must continually increase.

Professors of optics frequently prefer women as assistants because of their accuracy and discrimination, things which are absolutely essential in the measurement and fitting of spectacle frames and the fitting of glasses to the eye. To become an expert optician it is necessary to have some knowledge of physiology, anatomy and chemistry.

Many of the various schools for instruction in optical science now admit women on equal terms with men. Professors and teachers are coming to regard women opticians with favor, finding that in nearly every case they are careful and conscientious. And surely if ever a profession called for conscientious handling it is that which treats so delicate and sensitive an organ as the eye.

The Authors of To-Day.

Some rack their brains and spend their pains
On character; some on plot;
While others, more wise, just advertise
And come out ahead, I wot!
—Puck.

HIS REASON WAS GOOD.

"This makes the fifth time you've asked me for a dance. Why don't you dance with some of the other girls?"

"Well, you see, I dance so badly I hate to ask them."—Detroit Free Press.

A Variable Weight.

Teacher—How many ounces in a pound?

Tommy—It depends on the grocer.—Harlem Life.

12 Minutes for Lunch.

That is the average time spent in a large city restaurant by three thousand lunchers. It takes three hours to digest a fresh egg soft boiled; three hours to digest a boiled apple dumpling; three hours to digest fresh roast beef. In fact, three hours is about the time required to digest the average twelve minute lunch. The object of the hasty lunch is to let the busy man get back to his office work. But when the brain is active, the stomach is inactive for lack of necessary blood. The natural consequence is indigestion, and indigestion opens the door to many diseases.

Indigestion is cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, and enables the perfect digestion and assimilation of food.

"It is with heartfelt gratitude that I send this testimonial which I wish you to publish with my name and address," writes Mr. Willis Seaman, of Washingtonville, Orange Co., N. Y. "I had stomach trouble from childhood and suffered with it more or less as I grew up. At the age of 26 I was broken down with dyspepsia. My suffering was terrible. Could not eat without distress. Could only eat a few certain things and was not able to work half the time. Every thing I tried only gave me temporary relief. My wife finally persuaded me to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets.' I took six bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and two vials of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.' I then felt so well that I stopped taking medicine. Several months have passed and I can do the hardest kind of work, can eat anything that is set before me and enjoy it. I am 27 years old and this is the first time I have ever been well."

Free. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser in paper covers is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*; or 31 stamps for cloth-bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania, on Monday, April 7th, A. D. 1902, by Wm S. Moyer, J. J. Brown, Wm. M. Reber, C. W. Runyon, James C. Brown, N. U. Funk, C. A. Klein, Grant Herring, C. M. Creveling and H. A. M'Killip, under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to Provide for the Incorporation and Regulation of Certain Corporations," approved April 29th, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "Irondale Electric Light, Heat and Power Company," the character and object whereof is "for the purpose of manufacturing and supplying electric light, heat and power, to persons, firms and corporations, in the Town of Bloomsburg and vicinity," and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy, all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

GRANT HERRING,
H. A. M'KILLIP,
Solicitors.

3 13 3t

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF BRIDGET SHILLING, LATE OF CENTRALIA BORO, DECEASED

Letters testamentary on the estate of Bridget Shilling, late of Centralia Boro, Columbia Co., Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned executrix, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

3 13 BRIDGET V. SHILLING,
EDWARD J. FLYNN, Atty. Executrix.

GAIL & AX NAVY

Smoking and Chewing Tobacco

The ORIGINAL and MOST SMOKED long cut tobacco in all the United States, manufactured with the express purpose of blending the two qualities, that of a good smoke and a good chew.

It is made of ripe, sweetened "Burley," the only tobacco from which a perfect combination of smoking and chewing tobacco can be made.

Gail & Ax Navy is known by the distinctive character of its blue wrapper (which has many imitators), it being to-day identically the same as forty years ago, and it now stands for the quality that it did then. You get the very best, and take no chances, when you buy Gail & Ax Navy.

Baltimore, 1859. G. W. GAIL & AX

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Lev. Fa., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 29, 1902,

at two o'clock p. m., all that certain one and one-half story

BRICK BUILDING

and lot, or piece of ground and curtilage, appurtenant thereto, situate at the southeast corner of the intersection of West Sixth street and the right of way of The Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad Company, in the Town of Bloomsburg, County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Northwardly by said Sixth street, eastwardly by land of The Keystone Foundry & Machine Works (now E. B. Brower), southwardly and westwardly by the right of way of the said Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad Company.

Seized, taken in execution, at the suit of Frank Ulmer and Henry Ulmer, trading as the Ulmer Leather Company, vs. Theodore F. Conner, and to be sold as the property of Theodore F. Conner.

DANIEL KNORR,
DUY, Att'y. Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia Co., Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 15, 1902,

at two o'clock p. m., all that certain piece of land, situate in the Township of Briarcreek, Columbia County, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: On the north by land of Wm. Schuyler, now George H. Westler, on the east by land of C. A. Lamon, on the south by land of Geo. M. Bown and on the west by land of H. J. Edwards and William Hippensteel, containing

25 ACRES,

more or less, whereon is erected a two-story

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

board barn, chicken house and outbuildings. There is also a well of water at the house and a small apple orchard.

Seized, taken in execution, at the suit of W. H. Woodin, now to the use of Henry J. Edwards, vs. Anna M. Sitler Lynn and Levi S. Lynn, and to be sold as the property of Anna M. Sitler Lynn.

DANIEL KNORR,
EVANS, Att'y. Sheriff.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF MARY DREISBACH, LATE OF FISHINGCREEK TOWNSHIP, DECEASED.

The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, Pa., to make distribution of the balance in the hands of W. B. Pennington, administrator of said deceased, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit, for the purpose of his appointment, at his office, in rooms 5 and 6, on the second floor, in Lockard's Building, corner of Main and Centre streets, in Bloomsburg, Pa., on Thursday, April 3rd, 1902, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all parties having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

J. H. MAIZE,
3 6 4t Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

C. C. PEACOCK AND L. E. WALLER, TRUSTEES, vs. THE MAGEE CARPET WORKS. | Court of Common Pleas of Columbia Co., No. 118, December T., 1900.

The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the said Court to distribute the balance of proceeds remaining in the hands of the Sheriff from sale of real estate of the above named defendant, will sit, at his office, in Bloomsburg, Pa., on Tuesday, March 18th, 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., for the performance of his duties, when and where all persons having claims upon said fund must appear and present the same, or be forever debarred from any share thereof.

2 20 4t J. B. ROBISON, Auditor.

DIVORCE NOTICE.

To Honora Tellier, late of Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pennsylvania:

Whereas, Frank Tellier, your husband, has filed a libel in the Court of Common Pleas of No. 5, December Term, 1901, praying a divorce against you. Now you are hereby notified and required to appear in said Court on the first Monday of May, A. D. 1902, to answer the complaints of the said Frank Tellier, and in default of such appearance you will be liable to have a divorce granted in your absence

2 20 4t DANIEL KNORR, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 15, 1902,

at ten o'clock a. m., all that parcel, or piece of land, situate in Benton borough, Columbia County, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post, thence by lands of Martha J. McHenry south fifty-six degrees thirty minutes east, four hundred thirty-five and seven-tenths feet to a post; thence along land of A. Good south eight degrees thirty minutes west, fifty-five and two-tenths feet to a post; thence along land of Wm. P. Robbins north fifty-six degrees thirty minutes west, four hundred fifty-eight and nine-tenths feet to a post; thence along land of same north thirty-eight degrees thirty minutes east, fifty feet to the place of beginning, containing

81 AND 7-10 PERCHES,

whereon is erected a two-story

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE.

Seized, taken in execution, at the suit of The Co-Operative Savings and Loan Association, of Baltimore, Md., to use of Enoch Harlan and Roger T. Gill, Receivers, vs. Stanley Dodson, and to be sold as the property of Stanley Dodson.

DANIEL KNORR,
KARNS, Att'y. Sheriff.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on Friday, March 21st, 1902, by Frederick H. Eaton, William H. Woodin and Sterling W. Dickson, under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29th, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called the Berwick Land and Improvement Company, the character and object of which is to purchase or lease real estate improved or unimproved, improving the same, and holding, leasing and selling the same in such parts or parcels, at such price and upon such terms as may be determined by the Association, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy, all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

W. H. JESSUP, JR.,
2 27 3t* Solicitor.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Ent's Building, Court House Alley,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office—Bloomsburg Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office, in Lockard's Building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Wirt's Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Offices: Centre St., first door below Opera House

A. N. YOST,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Wirt Building, Court House Square,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. R. STEES,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office, in Ent Bldg, BLOOMSBURG, PA

H. A. McKILLIP
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2n Floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

RALPH R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hartman Building, Market Square,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

IKELER & IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Wirt's Building,

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, Corner of Third and Main Sts
CATAWISSA, PA.

CLINTON HERRING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office with Grant Herring.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
☞ Will be in Orangeville Wednesday o each week.

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wells' Building over B. A. Gidding's Clothing Store, Bloomsburg, Pa
Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office:—Wirt building, over Alexande Bros. 11-16-99

EDWARD FLYNN
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
☞ Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue

J. S. JOHN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence, 410 Main S
3-70-1y BLOOMSBURG, PA

MONTOUR TELEPHONE. BELL TELEPHON
EYES TESTED. GLASSES FITTED.
H. BIERMAN, M. D.
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th St.,
10 a. m. to 2 p. m., 6:30 to 8 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA

J. J. BROWN, M. D.
THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes tested and fitted with glasses.
No Sunday work.
311 Market St., Bloomsburg, Pa.
Hours:—10 Telephone.

DR. M. J. HESS
DENTISTRY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
Crown and bridge work
—A—
SPECIALTY,
Corner Main and Centre Street,
BLOOMSBURG PA
Columbia & Montour Telephone connection.

DR. W. H. HOUSE.
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office Barton's Building, Main below Mark
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manne and all work warranted as represented.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN,
by the use of Gas, and free of charge whe artificial teeth are inserted.
☞ To be open all hours during the day

C. WATSON McKELVY.
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL
Franklin of Phila..	$400,000	$3,198,529	$1,008,5
Penn'a. Phila.....	400,000	3,825,180	1,119,5
Queen, of N. Y.	500,000	3,538,911	1,021,
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,758,307	428.
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,780,689	2,364,

Office—First Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor.
☞ Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

M. P. LUTZ & SON,
(SUCCESSORS TO FREAS BROWN)
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE
AGENTS AND BROKERS.
—o—
N. W. Corner Main and Centre. Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
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Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

SADE T. VANNATTA.
(Successor to C. F. Knapp.)
GENERAL INSURANCE
Office 238 Iron St., BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
Oct. 31, 1901. tf *

CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Hartzel, Prop.
No. 121 West Main Street,
☞ Large and convenient sample rooms, bat rooms, hot and cold water, and modern conveniences. Bar stocked with best wine an liquors. First-class livery attached.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
G. SNYDER, Proprietor,
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms, Bath rooms, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Farmers National Bank

of Bloomsburg, Pa., at the close of business Feb. 25, 1902.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Investments,		$402,500.57
Furniture and Fixtures,		5,557.50
Cash and Reserve,		81,288.23
		$489,344.30

LIABILITIES.

Capital,		$ 60,000.00
Earnings,		55,017.75
Circulation,		59,500.00
Banks,	$ 6,588.00	
Individual Deposits,	308,238.55	314.826.55
		$489,344.30

WM. S. MOYER, PRESIDENT. A. H. BLOOM, CASHIER.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. S. Williams & Son,

BLOOMSBURG PA.

Public Sale Criers and General Auctioneers.

☞ Fifteen years experience. Satisfaction guaranteed. Best returns of any sale criers in his section of the State. Write for terms and dates. We never disappoint our patrons.

SALES.

THURSDAY, MARCH 20, 1902.—M. A. Kikendall and J. E. Snyder will sell at public sale, on the premises, at Hetlerville, in Mifflin Twp., valuable real estate, consisting of two tracts of land, one containing 40 acres and the other 60 acres. The improvements thereon are a large plank dwelling house, nearly new, also barn and outbuildings.

Also, at the same time and place, M. A. Kikendall will sell personal property, consisting of a good horse, 2 cows, &c. Sale to commence at ten o'clock a. m.

COLUMBIAN SNAP SHOTS.

—Monday is St. Patrick's Day. Get your green bow out.

—Cellars that have been flooded should be thoroughly disinfected.

—A parachute jumper is advertising for a place to stop the coming fall.

—Bryan's reputation as an eloquent orator was fully sustained Saturday night.

—There are a whole lot of people who aim to tell the truth, but they're awfully bad shots.

—Eggs have taken a tumble in price since Germany perceived our need and sent a Hen-ry over.

—There is going to be some disappointed ones after the election of chief of police for the ensuing year. There are four or five aspirants, and they all expect it.

—The Elks have the right conception of how to entertain. The reception given Colonel Bryan on Saturday night was an event long to be remembered by all present.

—Did it ever occur to you that a man could carry $5,000,000 on his person at one time, providing the money was in $5,000 bills. This is worth remembering in case of emergency.

—A Wilkes-Barre lady has lost her poodle dog. A paper contains the following notice: "Lost—My wife's pet poodle. If returned alive, $10; if returned stuffed, $50. Her Husband.

In glancing over the stock reports we noticed that three hundred shares of Greene Consolidated were sold Saturday for $22.00 per share.

COUNCIL IN SESSION.

Every Member Present at Thursday Night's Meeting.

The last meeting but one of the present Town Council was held Thursday evening, with every member present.

The bills presented by viewers in the Walp damage case, held over from last meeting, were considered at length, but no definite action taken. Mayor Ikeler is of the opinion that inasmuch as no report to the Court had ever been made, and as there was an error in the proceedings at which they were appointed, the petitioner is liable for the bill.

C. W. Miller was present in the interest of the Millville and Bloomsburg Electric Railway Co. He expressed a wish that a special meeting be called for the purpose of considering a trolley ordinance. The request was refused.

In regard to the collectorship Mayor Ikeler stated that L. D. Kase, the present incumbent, could be turned out of office, but that such action would only result in vacating the same. The duplicate of 1901 remains uncollected, and Mr. Kase's physical condition is such that he isn't able to attend to it. After some argument it was decided to place the duplicate in the hands of High Constable Miles Betz for collection, he to be allowed the usual five per cent.

Upon request from H. F. Dieffenbach, for the Winona Fire Co., and Rhode Tracy for the Rescues, their appropriations for 1901 were allowed. The appropriation of the latter was increased from $75.00 to $100.00. Mr. Tracy stated that the Company was anxious to pay off $300.00 of the indebtedness this year if possible, and the increase was secured for this purpose.

G. Snyder presented a bill for $150, the balance due from the town for the paving in front of the Exchange Hotel.

On motion, seconded, $2,000 of the funds now on hand is to be applied on a judgment note in the First National Bank.

The street committee was vested with power to act in regard to the ferry road, between Ninth and Tenth streets, the bad condition of which was reported by H. F. Dieffenbach.

In regard to a proper and commensurate celebration of Bloomsburg's one hundredth anniversary, the appended resolution was adopted:

WHEREAS, It is generally understood that 1902 is the centennial year for Bloomsburg, and that many prominent persons, including the papers, have expressed a desire to celebrate. Therefore, be it

Resolved, That this Council deems it wise and prudent and pledge their aid at present, and as individuals later, and recommend that the President of the Town Council, in conjunction with the President of the Board of Trade, confer, and as early as convenient call a public meeting in the Court House in order that proper committees may be appointed on invitation, time, finance, program, etc., as this means work and nothing is too good for Bloomsburg. In order that the celebration may be a great success, it is not too early to begin at once.

The present Councilmen will conclude their work with the next meeting, at which time the newly-elected members will be sworn in.

IN THE WAY OF SPORTS.

Last game of the season—Pittston vs. Normal—in the "Gym" to-night.

The Normal Basket Ball Team met defeat at Williamsport Thursday, but they made things decidedly interesting for the victors. The game was a beauty and was not decided until the whistle was blown, which ended the contest. The Normal boys are well thought of in the lumber city, as the following clipping from the *Gazette and Bulletin* will attest:

"The team work of the Normals was excellent. Nothing better has been seen here this year than their rally in the second half and the excitement never ran higher than during the closing half of the game. Dr. Aldinger, of Bloomsburg, who refereed the game, is the best all-around official the Williamsport team has met."

Score at the end of first half: Williamsport 6, Normal 0. Final score, Williamsport 18, Normal 9.

Some idea of the strength of the Williamsport five can be gathered from the fact that they lost the first game of the season at State College Friday night. Score, 17 to 12.

Williamsport is to have a state league base ball team the coming season. Arrangements looking to that end were consumated by President of the League, William Witman, of Reading, on Saturday. The organization as it now stands is composed of the following towns: Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, Hazleton, Reading, Lebanon, Lancaster, Mt. Carmel and Williamsport.

Danville will place a formidable aggregation on the diamond this season. Practice has already begun and a series of games has been arranged with clubs of known strength throughout this section of the state. Gilbert will do the pitching and it is quite likely that Sidney Hoffa, of Washingtonville, who has the earmarks of a "comer," will also be secured to help out. They anticipate a prosperous season.

The outlook for a good team in Berwick is decidedly rocey. With Smith's arm in good condition and with the support that the team is capable of giving him, the team that tackles them will have all kinds of trouble. There is no josh about this, either.

State Must Pay.

At this time it may be interesting to know that under an act of 1895 the State of Pennsylvania must rebuild any and all bridges that cross navigable streams and are destroyed by flood or high water, or by wind or accidental fire. The County Commissioners in the various counties have just awakened to the fact that they can get something for nothing from the State, and apparently they are going to rebuild, at the State's expense, all bridges that hereafter are destroyed. There are some half dozen bridges now that are awaiting reports of viewers as to their cost and construction.

Under the law it is only necessary for the County Commissioners in a county where a bridge has been destroyed to apply through the county solicitor to the Dauphin County Court for the appointment of viewers to investigate and report on the kind of bridge that should replace the destroyed structure, at the same time notifying the Attorney General. The Court appoints the viewers, who make report, and this is certified to the Board of Public Property, which at once advertises for proposals from bridge builders.

Four bridges have already been thus constructed, as follows: The bridge across the Susquehanna at Catawissa for $82,400; a bridge over the Juniata at Birmingham, for $9,500; a bridge over the Clarion River at Clarion, for $35,000, and one over Sugar Creek, Bradford county, for $26,810.

Whitmoyer-Corson.

At the home of the bride's parents, near Opp, on Tuesday, March 4, at high noon, by the Rev. I. B. Crist, of Hughesville, says the Muncy *Democrat*, Mr. Joseph Whitmore, of near Pine Summit, Columbia county, and Miss Mary E., only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Corson. The happy young couple enjoy a wide circle of friends, all of whom join in cordial congratulations. The wedding was a very pretty one. A magnificent collation was served. The bride was the recipient of handsome presents. Their future home will be in Columbia county.

SCHOOL DIRECTORS' MEET.

Miss Grace Conner Chosen to Give Instruction in Drawing.—Spring Vacation Fixed.

The regular monthly meeting of the Bloomsburg School Board was held in the High School Library, Friday night at half-past seven o'clock, with members Joseph Garrison, W. E. Rinker, J. C. Rutter, Jr., F. W. Redeker, J. C. Brown and C. A. Kleim present, together with nearly all the teachers and janitors. The minutes of the last regular and special meetings were read and approved.

It was decided to place partitions in the shelves of four sections of the book cases in the High School Library, and the contract was given to C. M. Hess at the rate of 10 37 for three sections, as per his bid.

Committee on Buildings and Grounds, and Supplies, reported having made some necessary repairs and purchased waste paper baskets, ink, writing paper and coal.

The treasurer reported receipts since last meeting of $258.03 on the 1900 duplicate and seventy-three cents for broken slates.

For Easter and the April moving day it was unanimously agreed to close the schools on the evening of Thursday, March 27th, and open again on Wednesday morning, April 2nd.

On motion duly seconded and carried it was decided to hold but one session of school on severe stormy days, the session to last until one o'clock in the afternoon. This motion was opposed by member Rutter to the extent that the session should close at 12 o'clock, noon, thereby avoiding the annoyance and inconvenience to the many mothers and families in keeping their dinner waiting more than an hour over time and making them extra work. This seems only a trifling matter to some people, but to a majority, whose children go to our public schools, it is of much concern.

In the matter of vaccination the report as handed in by the truant officers show that the number of parents desiring their children vaccinated but are unable to pay for same to be forty-six for Fifth street, nine for Third street and about half a dozen in the lower rooms of the High School building. Only a few were found who refused on other grounds to have their children vaccinated. A list will be made and furnished the different doctors chosen by the parents of those to come under their attention, and proper provision will be made for the payment of the bill, the cost not to exceed 50 cents for each child.

In the matter of truants the secretary was instructed to furnish Justice of the Peace Jacoby with the names of such pupils and their parents and proceed according to law.

The free use of the High School was granted for Fred Ikeler to deliver a lecture for the benefit of the Third street school.

Curtains were asked for in several of the school rooms. Referred to the proper committee with power to act.

Prof. Sterner, the Supervising Principal, made his monthly report, showing a better average attendance of pupils during the past month over that of the previous month. He asked that a number of additional text books and a few Latin and Greek Dictionaries be purchased. The text book committee was given power to act as to these books, and also as to the purchase of music books asked for by Prof. Yetter.

After a short discussion it was decided to employ Miss Grace Conner to teach drawing three days each week at a salary of $5.00 per week.

Other minor business was attended to and an adjournment was taken.

The next regular meeting will be held Friday night, April 4th.

MAGIC COLOR PICTURES.

With a Glass of Water and a Brush a Child May Become an Artist.

A glass of water and a sponge or brush act like a box of paints on the wonderful "Watergraphs," which will appear in next Sunday's Philadelphia Press. It's the cleverest novelty of the year. The pictures are printed apparently in black ink. You touch them with water, and in a second they become beautiful water color paintings. No skill is needed. Children can do it as well as grown folks. These "Watergraphs" are in addition to the mysterious magic pictures, which you rub over a blank space with a coin and a picture appears.

The great puzzle man, Sam Loyd, is now on The Sunday Press staff of entertainers. He has a page each Sunday that will set you thinking and amuse you, too. Order next Sunday's Philadelphia Press of your newsdealer in advance. Then you'll be sure to get it.

The death of George Brandon occurred some time during Thursday night, at his home near Jonestown. His lifeless body was discovered in bed Friday morning. He was past eighty-one years of age.

Last Day, Tuesday, March 18th.

DRESS GOODS.

In short cut lots, reduced from 39 and 75 cents a yard to close at 25 cents a yard.

GINGHAMS AND LAWNS,

Light and Dark Calico, in short cut lots, reduced to close at 3½c. a yard.

REMNANTS OF

Embroidery and Lace to close out at ½ to ⅔ of the regular price.

REMNANTS OF

Canton and Outing Flannel and Gingham reduced from 8 cents and 10 cents a yard, to close at 6½ cents a yard.

12½ cent to 15 cent Ginghams, Percales, etc., now on one table, to close at per yard 9 cents.

Apron Ginghams 3½ cents a yard. Not much but all that's here is good.

Lot of 15 cent to 50 cent Laces, Dress Braids, and Ribbons; all on a table and reduced from 15 cents and 50 cents to close at 10 cents a yard.

5 cent Cotton Toweling quite a quality to close at 3½ cents a yard.

Combs, Bracelets, Cuff-Links, Belt Buckles, Belt Pins, Hat Pins. Were 12 cents to 25 cents. Your choice to close at 10 cents each.

Curtain Scrim such as you pay 5 cents a yard for reduced to close at 3½ cents a yard.

Bordered Handkerchiefs for Children reduced to close at each 1 cent.

Infants' Dresses 25 cents each. White Dresses trimmed with neat embroidery on neck and sleeves were 39c.

49 cent Cotton Blankets, White Only, 42c. a pair.

AT HALF PRICE.

Pocket books, Purses and Card Cases, odd lots reduced. To close out at ½ price.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON,

BLOOMSBURG. PA.

ORANGEVILLE NEWS.

Joe Keller and Will Sharpless have joined the band.

There is some talk of building a new station here. We hope it will be done, and the sooner the quicker.

Mr. G. S. Fleckenstine has a bunch of bananas three and one-half feet long. Of course, we mean the bunch. Now is the time to get some.

Ray Fister spent Sunday with his parents.

Mr. Clinton Herring, Orangeville's attorney, will move into the house vacated by Reamer Stiner.

John Conner and family have returned from their visit to the West.

Mr. W. Masteller will hold a public sale of household furniture on Saturday, at his home.

Moving time is here. Among the first to move was Horace Belles, who moved in with his mother.

Savona Megargle, who was seriously ill with membranous croup and diphtheria, is very much better.

Mr. Snoyer has gone to Hanover for a short time.

The W. T. C. U. held a temperance rally in the Union Church last Sunday afternoon.

Mr. H. B. Low has just received a fine lot of first grade clover seed. Anyone wishing to purchase any will do well by examining his seed before buying their supply.

Mr. Ralph Brewer is spending a few days in town.

Mr. Ortman has moved to Washingtonville. Perry Freas has purchased the house which he vacated and is having it improved.

The band will hold a chicken and waffle supper, in Neyhard's Hall, on Saturday night. Let everyone come. The band will be in attendance.

The freshet, and melting snow which followed, have undermined many sidewalks and filled many cellars.

Pastors Assigned.

Appointments Made by Central Pennsylvania United Evangelical Conference.

The Central Pennsylvania United Evangelical Conference, in session at Lock Haven, on Tuesday announced the following appointments.

Lewisburg District—N. Young, presiding elder; Lewisburg, J. W. Thompson; Milton, D. L. Kepner; Milton Circuit, J. A. Foss; Muncy Valley, J. O. Biggs; Dushore, W. J. Campbell; Bernice and Lopez, J. F. Hower; Danville, E. B. Dunn; Bloomsburg, J. W. Bentz; Espy, W. H. Stover; Waller, W. A. Faus; Columbia, E. E. Shaffer; Berwick, H. W. Buck; Nescopeck, D. F. Young; Luzerne, E. L. Kessler; Zion's Grove, H. Minsker; Nanticoke, S. S. Mumey; Ransom, B. F. Keller; Scranton, J. W. Messinger; Susquehanna, R. E. Wilson; A. L. Reeser, I. M. Pines and W. P. Thomas, members of Lewisburg Quarterly Conference; F. F. Mayer, member of Susquehanna Quarterly Conference; C. J. Dick, member of Berwick Quarterly Conference.

Leases, 3c each, 30c a dozen. Notices to quit, 10c a dozen. For sale at this office. tf.

They Hinder Progress.

An exchange says: Small men with small purpose do not help to make the towns or cities lively and progressive. To forge ahead as a community there must be plenty of push and plenty of generosity among the people, not the middle class and poor alone, but the rich people also. There must be a spirit of generosity abroad in the community and the spirit of pinch must be relegated to the rear. We must look at things in the way that whatever helps the town helps the people in it. Whatever keeps keeps the town back, keeps in the rear all who have a living to make.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION —OF THE—

First Nat'l Bank,

OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

at Bloomsburg, Pa., at the close of business February 25th, 1902.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$269,950 08
Overdrafts secured and unsecured		5,983 47
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		50,000 00
Stocks, Securities, &c.		171,066 75
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures		28,099 93
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)		21,790 20
Due from State Banks and Bankers		1,911 89
Due from approved reserve agents		46,551 46
Internal Revenue Stamps		20 00
Checks and other cash items		9,410 80
Notes of other National Banks		1,800 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cts.		92 01
LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK, VIZ:		
Specie	$18,217 80	
Legal Tender Notes	11,900 00	30,117 80
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)		2,500 00
Total		$640,489 89

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 50,000 00
Surplus fund	125,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	18,803 08
National Bank Notes outstanding	50,000 00
Due to other National Banks	18,244 10
Individual deposits, subject to check	378,439 00
Certified checks	0 20
Cashier's checks outstanding	102 44
Total	$640,489 89

State of Pennsylvania, } ss:
County of Columbia }

I, E. B. TUSTIN, Cashier of the above-named Bank, do solemnly affirm that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. B. TUSTIN, CASHIER.

Subscribed and affirmed to before me this 7th day of March, 1902. A. W. DUY, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest: E. W. M. LOW, MYRON I. LOW, J. M. STAVER, } Directors.

SHOES

That wear well, look well, and are comfortable.

The Herrick Shoe, for women, at $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50.

"Try Me" Shoe, for women, $2.00.

Box Calf Shoes, for women, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00. All leather.

The W. L. Douglas Shoes, for men, full line.

If you want solid comfort, buy our Government Shoe, $2.50.

W. H. MOORE,

Cor. Main and Iron Sts.

BLOOMSBURG, PA

Makes Hot Breads Wholesome

Makes delicious hot biscuit, griddle cakes, rolls, and muffins.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST. NEW YORK.